

Texas Community Colleges:

Shaping the Future of Higher Education

Jacob Fraire

President & CEO
Texas Association of Community Colleges

Performance Report 2020-2021

Performance Report Table of Contents

- Leadership to the Community College Enterprise (slides 3-5)
- Major Accomplishments (slides 6-8)
- Engaging Philanthropy Partners (slides 9-10)
- Engaging Policy Leaders and Stakeholders (slides 11-12)
- Policy Research and Knowledge (slides 13-14)
- Responding to the Global Pandemic (slides 15-16)
- Policy Priorities for the 87th Texas Legislature (slides 17-24)

- The Business Advisory Council (slides 25-29)
- TRUE: Texas Reskilling & Upskilling Through Education (slides 30-41)
- TRUE Texas Pathways (slides 42-59)
- Data Visualization and the Community College Story (slides 60-78)
- Community College Policy Roadmap: 2021-2025 (slides 79-83)

Leadership to Enterprise:

Advancing Policy, Practice, & Research



Texas Association of Community Colleges



Texas Community College Education Initiative



Texas Success Center



Junior & Community College
Political Action Committee



Community College Association of Texas Trustees

TACC Supports a Network of Affinity Organizations



- Community College Association of Texas Trustees (CCATT)
- Texas Community College Teachers Association (TCCTA)
- Texas Association of Community College Business Officers (TACCBO)
- Texas Community College Chief Academic Officers (TCCCAO)
- Texas Association of Community College Marketers (TACCM)
- Texas Association of Community College Attorneys (TACCA)
- Texas Association of Community College Student Affairs Administrators (TACCSAA)
- Texas Association for Continuing Education (TACE)
- Texas Association of Career and Technical Educators (TACTE)

Our Team



Jacob FrairePresident & CEO



Dr. Cynthia Ferrell Vice President, TSC



Chris FernandezDirector of Policy Analysis



Dustin MeadorDirector of Government Relations



Eliana RodriguezAssociate Director of Communications



Kristina FloresDirector of Research & Evaluation, TSC



Lori StalheberDirector of Finance



Dr. Manny GonzalezDirector, CCATT



Mary BattjesOffice Manager



Sway YoungstonSenior Administrative Associate, TSC

Major Accomplishments: Policy Advocacy



- Negotiated a Focused Policy Agenda among TACC, CCATT, and TCCTA
- Effectively Engaged Policy Makers & Leaders
- Secured Leadership Exemption from a 5% Budget Cut in FYs 2020-21 (estimated savings ~ \$79M)
- Secured level formula funding in SB 1 and HB 1, as introduced (estimated savings ~ \$168M)
- Secured Bill Authors for TACC's Policy Priorities: Sen.
 Brandon Creighton, Sen. Larry Taylor, Rep. Tan Parker,
 and Rep. Leo Pacheco
- Co-leadership to the Texas Transfer Working Group (with THECB and Texas A&M System)
- Co-leadership to the Design of the 300X300 Workforce Initiative
- Co-leadership to the TRUE Initiative
- Envisioned the Community College Finance Commission
- Launched an enterprise Communications Strategy
- Engaged Philanthropic Partners in Advocacy

Major Accomplishments: Collaborations



- Launched the Business Advisory Council
- Engaged Business & Industry in Advocacy
- Secured TRUE Supporters
- Established rapport with Commissioners Harrison Keller and Ray
 Martinez
- Established Partnerships with the Texas Business Leadership
 Council (Woody Hunt) and Texas Association of Business
 (Massey Villareal)
- Expanded the Efficacy of the Community College Academic Officers Network
- Advancing Partnerships with **Amazon Web Services** and **Lockheed Martin**
- Co-leadership to the Expanded Scale and Impact of the **Texas Success Center**
- Launched a Partnership with the Lumina Foundation
- Launched a Partnership with **HCM Strategists** to design the Commission on Community College Finance
- Expanded TACC / TSC Capacity and Impact through Contracts with

 Andres Alcantar and Martha Ellis
- Launched a Contract with Philanthropy Advocates

Major Accomplishments:Strong Financial Position



- Built a combined \$1.2M cash reserves between TACC and TCCEI.
- Secured **\$250K** in general operating grants for each of FY 2021 and FY 2022.
- Secured **\$1.1M in new grant funding**, in addition to the previous commitments for FY 2021.
- Managed a FY 2021 budget despite no increase in member dues and decrease in dues by \$159k (LSC and Collin).
- Managed a clean audit for each TACC and TCCEI.



Engaging Philanthropic Partners

































TCCEI



Awards by Funder & Year

\$4M

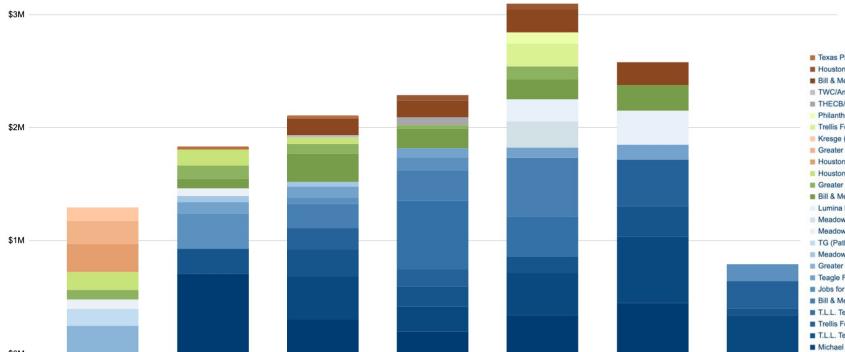
January 2021

Total funds awarded in FY17-FY22

\$ 14 M

Funding **Partners**

30 Grant Awards



- Texas Pioneer (TACC Operations)
- Houston Endowment (TACC Operations)
- Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation (TACC Operations)
- TWC/Amarillo College (Other)
- THECB/ACC (Other)
- Philanthropy Advocates (Transfer Research)(Data & Research)
- Trellis Foundation (Data Infrastructure and Analytics)(Data & Research)
- Kresge (Center)
- Greater Texas Foundation (Center)
- Houston Endowment (Center)
- Houston Endowment (BOTI)
- Greater Texas Foundation (BOTI)
- Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation (BOTI)
- Lumina Foundation (Pathways)(Credentials & Equity)
- Meadows Foundation (Credentials)(Pathways)
- Meadows Foundation (Pathways)
- TG (Pathways)
- Meadows Foundation (Pathways)
- Greater Texas Foundation (Pathways)
- Teagle Foundation (Pathways)
- Jobs for the Future (BMGF) (Pathways)
- Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation (Pathways)
- T.L.L. Temple Foundation (East Texas Colleges) (Pathways)
- Trellis Foundation (Pathways)
- T.L.L. Temple Foundation (Pathways)
- Michael & Susan Dell Foundation (Pathways)
- Greater Texas Foundation (Pathways)

Major Efforts Supported

Board of Trustees, Texas Pathways, Coaching, Capacity Building in Policy Advocacy, Success Center Network Development

Engaged Policy Leaders



- **Glenn Hegar**, State Comptroller
- **Dr. Mary Gonzalez**, Texas State Representative
- **Brian Hughes**, Texas State Senator
- Dennis Bonnen, Texas House Speaker
- **Bryan Daniel,** Texas Workforce Commission
- John Cornyn, United States Senator
- David Baime, Vice President, AACC
- Four Price, Texas State Representative
- **Donna Howard,** Texas State Representative
- Phil King, Texas State Representative
- Angela Paxton, Texas State Senator
- Matt Schaefer, Texas State Representative
- Giovanni Capriglione, Texas State Representative
- Dade Phelan, Texas House Speaker
- Jane Nelson, Texas Senate
- Dr. Harrison Keller & Ray Martinez, THECB

Stakeholder Collaborations



- THECB COVID-19 Response Planning
- THECB Transfer Policy Workgroup
- TEA Pathways to Prosperity Steering Committee
- Texas Transfer Alliance
- Texas Student Success Council
- Philanthropy Advocates
- Texas Tribune
- Educate Texas
- Texas Business Leadership Council
- Texas Economic Development Council
- Texas AgriLife Extension Services
- Conversation with Bill Gates and Harrison Keller
- Co-authored Op-Ed with Mr. Woody Hunt
- Co-authored Op-Ed with Dr. Steven Johnson and Dr. Daryl Rankin

Advancing Policy Research and Analyses



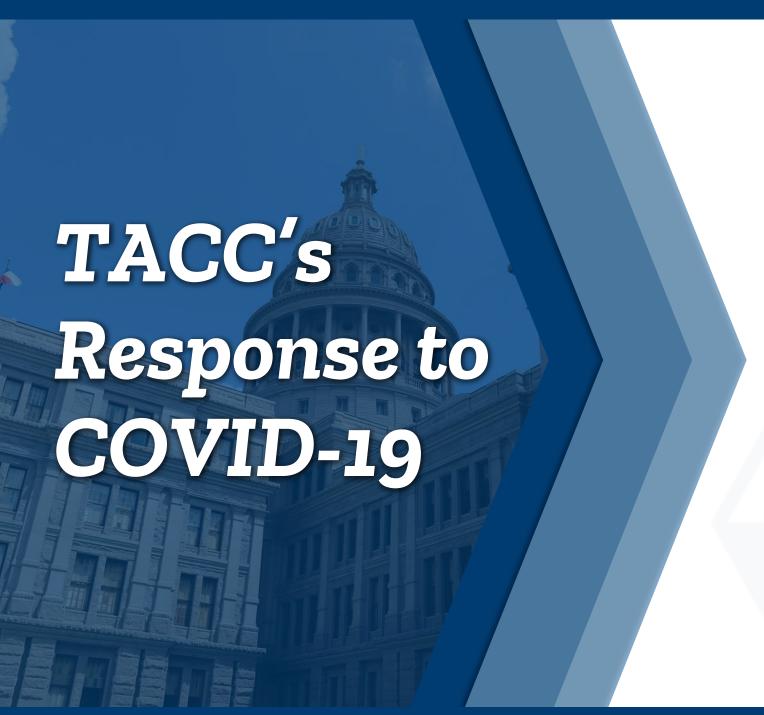
- Community College Enrollments and the Pandemic
- Student Needs Survey
- Data Capacity Building (supporter by the Trellis Foundation)
- Metrics Taskforce
- Texas Financial Aid Study (supported by Greater Texas Foundation)
- Emergency Aid Readiness Survey

Commissioned Policy Research and Analyses



Transfer policy research sponsored by **Philanthropy Advocates**:

- Survey of transfer student decision-making during pandemic
- Landscape analysis of transfer reforms in Texas
- 3. Analysis of cost of inefficient transfer to students and taxpayers
- 4. Texas transfer data dashboard



Organization

Three Work Groups

Communication

50+ Zoom Meetings & Webinars

Collaboration

• THECB, TEA, ED

Planning Calls for CEOs

As Texas community colleges responded to the COVID-19 pandemic, TACC organized a series of conference calls to help colleges stay informed on the latest state and national conversations, requirements, and available resources. We created a mechanism for colleges to share and learn from each other, education partners, and policy leaders.

TACC hosted:

47
Total Calls

26 Guest Speakers





Higher Education Policy Issues - 87th Legislature

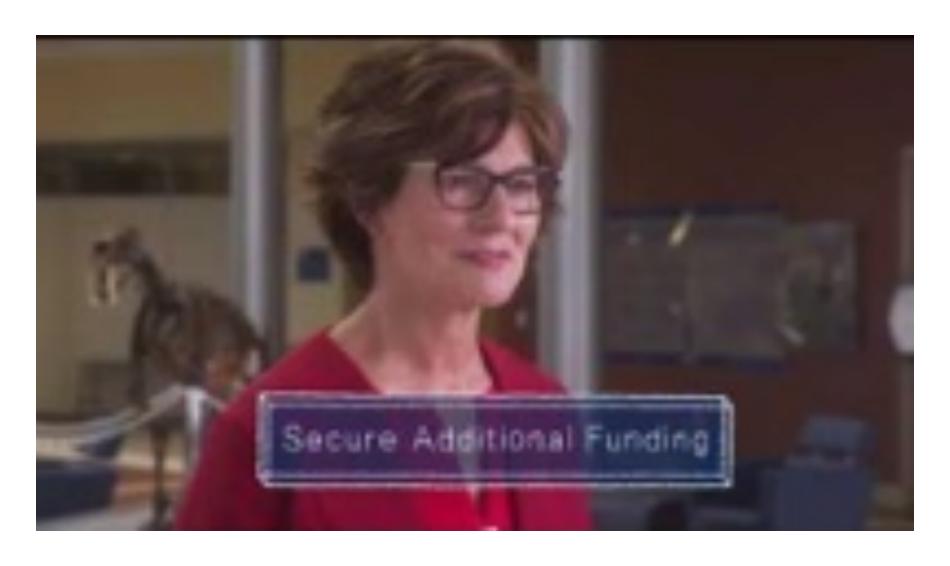
TACC Policy Priorities 2021

- Sustained State Investments in Community Colleges
- Enhanced Student Success Points
- TRUE Workforce Initiative (SB 1102)
 - \$50M in exceptional funding
- Community College Finance
 Commission (SB 1230)

Global Policies Affecting Higher Education

- Federal Funding for Higher Education
- State Plan for Universal Broadband
- Education and Workforce Alignment Act (SB 1622)
- Regional Postsecondary Ed Collaborative (SB 2111)

Policy Priorities Video





TACC/CCATT/TCCTA 87th Legislature Policy Priorities Bill Authors & Conference Committees

Policy Priority	Bill Number	Senate Author	House Author			
Formula Funding	SB1	Conference Committee				
		Nelson (Chair)	Dr. Bonnen (Chair)			
		Huffman	Gonzalez (Vice Chair)			
		Kolkhorst	Capriglione*			
		Nichols	Wilson*			
		Taylor	Walle*			
			* possible, not confirmed			
TRUE Initiative	SB 1102 HB 3003	Creighton	Parker			
CC Finance Commission	SB 1230 HB 3351	Taylor	Pacheco			

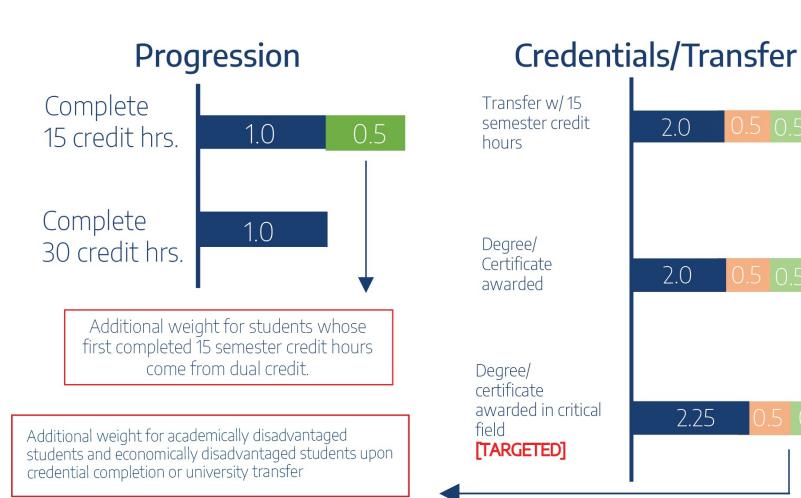
Updated: 04.26.2021

Funding Ask (In Millions)	CSSB1 Senate Adopted	CSHB1 House Adopted	CSHB1 House w/ Article XI	TACC Appropriations Request *	Diff. Senate Adopted	Diff. House Adopted	Diff. House w/ Article XI	* Amounts based on estimated Spring 2021 enrollment update
Core Operations	\$68.0	\$68.0	-	\$68.0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Success Points	\$314.8	\$228.3	-	\$261.4**	\$53.4 ↑	\$33.1 ↓	\$33.1 \downarrow	** projected based on TACC recommended rate and weights
Contact Hours	\$1,447.2	\$1,533.7	\$18.9	\$1,533.7	\$86.5 ↓	\$0	\$18.9 ↑	
NEW: Hold Harmless Funding	\$0	\$0	\$31.1	\$33.2	\$33.2 ↓	\$33.2 ↓	\$2.1 ↓	
TOTAL	\$1,830.0	\$1,830.0	\$50.0	\$1,896.3	\$66.3 🗸	\$66.3 ↓	\$16.3 🔱	

Performance-Based **Funding**

(Student Success Points)

The Association approved the Student Success Point improvements as proposed by the CTCFAC and TACC Metrics Task Force. Revisions to the metrics include updating the critical fields component and weighting certain points to better acknowledge the additional resources needed to support economically and academically at-risk students.



2.0

2.25

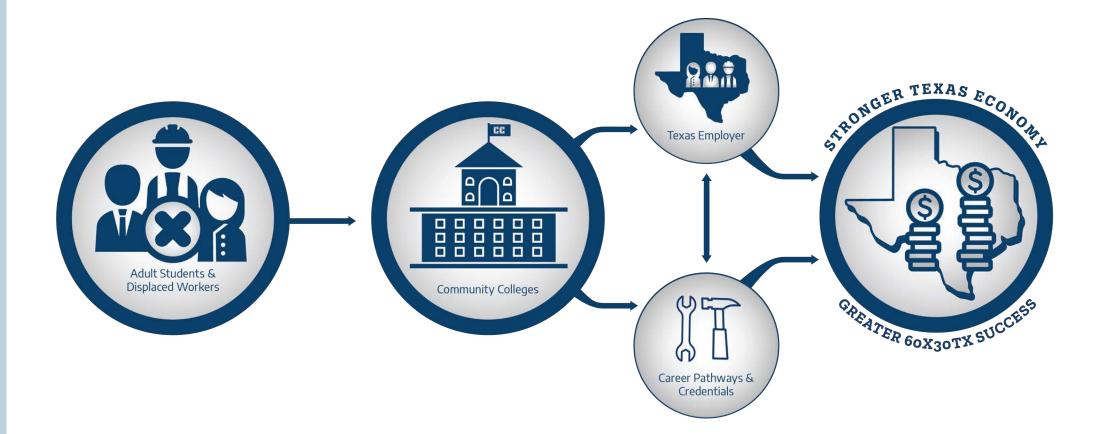
Workforce & Economic Recovery Policy

The Association recommends supporting the Texas Reskilling & Upskilling through Education (TRUE) initiative, and specifically seeking statutory authority to create a state fund to support the program. To achieve the dual goals of workforce and economic recovery, TRUE recommends the following:

Recommendations

- Design sustainable talent pipelines to fill critical regional workforce needs and provide ongoing support to Texas businesses and the state's economic recovery.
- Expand employer-informed micro-credentials and short-term certificates that will
 enable displaced and underemployed workers to lead fulfilling and economically
 self-sufficient lives by getting them work-ready in as little as a few weeks to six
 months.
- Identify high-demand, short-term credentials to be recognized as a part of the 60X30TX Plan for Higher Education.

T R U



Commission on Community College Finance

SB 1230 - Enacted

Goal: The Commission shall be to make recommendations for consideration by the 88th Texas Legislature for establishing a **state funding formula and funding levels sufficient for sustaining viable community college education and training** offerings throughout the state.

Student-centric: The Commission shall make recommendations that account for equity in student outcomes, with a particular focus on students who are underrepresented in higher education, including from families in the bottom quintiles of the economic spectrum.

Scope: The Community College Finance Workgroup will support the Texas Commission on Community College Finance by providing data analysis and insight on items germane to community college budgets. The workgroup will aid the commission as it examines trend and forecast data, seeks stakeholder input, and accounts for equity in student outcomes. The following areas may be examined by the workgroup in order to support the commission's efforts:

- The components of state funding for public junior colleges, including contact hour funding formulas
- The feasibility of establishing shared service agreements or interinstitutional collaborations
- Workforce demand and skills gaps
- Dual credit programs and costs
- Variation between taxing districts and service areas
- Student graduation, transfer, and success metrics
- The relationship between economic cycles and student enrollment



Industry Partners





































Business Advisory Council Goals



Goal 2: Champion Texas Reskilling and
 Upskilling through Education (TRUE). Provide support, strategic guidance, and advocacy in establishing and advancing the components of the TRUE Initiative.

 Goal 3: Inform legislative strategies. Provide strategic guidance in advancing the components of the TACC legislative agenda in support of a stronger Texas economy.

Education, Economy & Workforce Workgroup

Goal 1: Advise on changes in the economy and job market. Highlight areas of future job growth and advise on skills most critical to business and industry.

Roles:

- Advise on economic and workforce trends shaping the future of work.
- Analyze the market and inform market driven education and workforce innovations and policy.
- Support the development of the data, technological, and educational infrastructure necessary to meet future workforce requirements and equipping workers with needed skills.
- Offer data insights and inform efforts to define, develop, and promote credentials aligned with high-demand occupations across industries.
- Data analytics to raise awareness of relevant issues necessary to advance education and workforce development priorities.

TRUE Workgroup

Goal 2: Champion Texas Reskilling and Upskilling through Education (TRUE). Provide support, strategic guidance, and advocacy in establishing and advancing the components of the TRUE Initiative.

Roles:

- Make recommendations to expand employer engagement, build partnerships, and advance workforce development innovations.
- Inform education innovation and incubation possibilities while advancing sector-based replication strategies.
- Offer insights to advance the campaign, inclusive of communications strategy, to upskill and reskill Texans and close skills gaps.
 - Offer guidance to expand employer-informed, high demand certifications and micro-credentials providing accelerated completion serving all learners.
 - Advise efforts to accelerate the return of dislocated workers to reemployment by building multiple, high-demand pathways to careers (TRUE Pathways).
- Inform strategies to build workforce development capacity in rural Texas.
- Advise on work-based learning integration and expansion strategies.

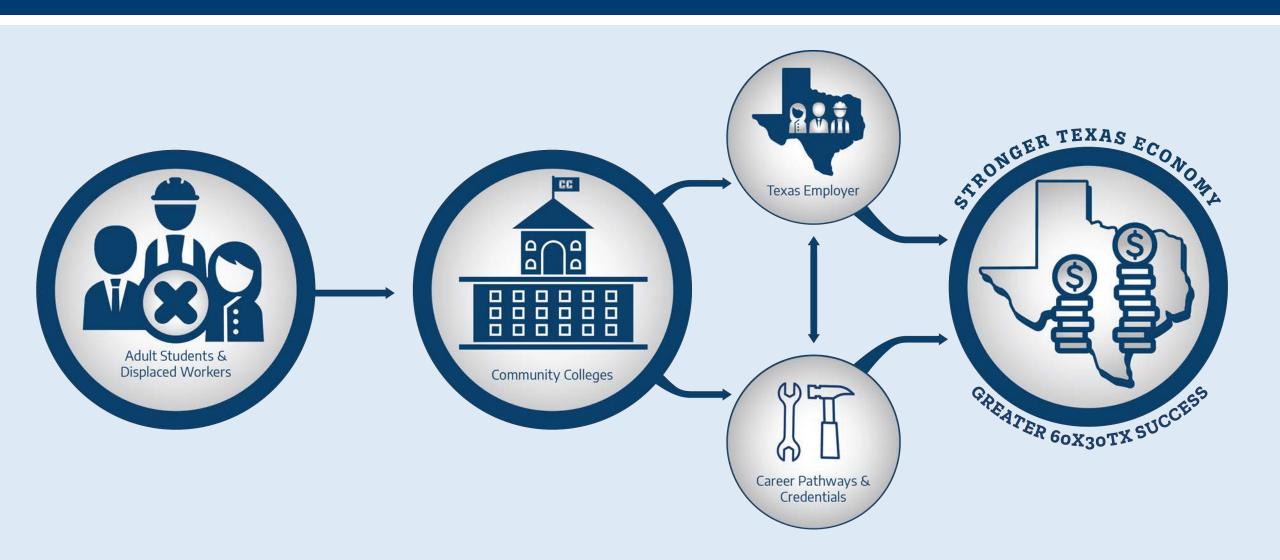


TRUE

Texas Reskilling & Upskilling through Education

SB 1102 - Enacted

TRUE: Texas Reskilling & Upskilling through Education



TRUE is a proposed **\$50 million investment in Texas community colleges** to reskill and upskill the Texas workforce, put Texans back to work in high demand occupations, and accelerate the Texas economic recovery. The program would be administered by the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board.

Eligible Entities:

Texas Community Colleges

- Texas colleges have a proven record of delivering for our workforce and employers in times of need.
- Texas colleges play a critical role in our state's economy delivering workforce development central to job creation. In fact, community colleges provide over 90 percent of career and technical education enrollments and certificates in Texas.
- Texas colleges exist to meet the education needs of all learners through **accessible**, **high quality**, **and low-cost** (4th most affordable in country) programs.
- Texas colleges deliver a broad range of education and training services through partnerships with businesses to **meet regional workforce needs critical to success.**
- Texas colleges are best positioned to build an enduring education infrastructure **to support a thriving Texas economy** throughout the diverse regions of the state.
- Texas colleges have also been adversely impacted by the pandemic and their strength is paramount to a more prosperous Texas future.

An investment in the TRUE initiative and our colleges is an investment in a **stronger Texas economy**.

TRUE Components

Employer engagement to highlight areas of future job growth, define high-demand skills and inform credential development and training.

- Texas Community Colleges have formed a statewide Business Advisory Council to advise on changes in the economy and job market, highlight areas of future job growth and advise on skills most critical to business and industry. The Council will advise on the TRUE initiative.
- Our colleges engage with employers to strengthen the Texas workforce. As an example, San Jacinto College, through the Chancellor's Business Advisory Council, works directly with business leaders with a particular focus on Maritime, Petrochem, and Aerospace programs.

Data infrastructure (local, regional & state) to inform skills-based education and training program development and delivery that meets employer workforce needs.

- Dallas College aligns in-demand skills, as reflected in near real-time labor market data along with employer engagement, to build workforce development programs that meet employer needs.
- Austin Community College launched Fast Track
 Careers in fall of 2020 to offer quick-turnaround
 workforce certificates at half price to help people
 who lost jobs during the pandemic gain a
 certification in a high-demand field. The college
 began with about a dozen programs and expanded
 to more than 25 programs in the spring of 2021.

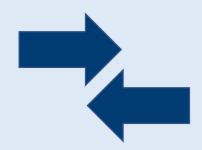
Community College capacity-building to expand new and redesigned workforce training leading to jobs in the Texas economy. In legislation, TRUE funds will be invested to:

- Providing training in existing, new, or redesigned accelerated programs that teach high-demand skills and lead to postsecondary industry certifications or other workforce credentials valued in growing occupations;
- Developing new, or redesigning existing, industry-aligned, high-demand postsecondary industry certifications or other workforce credentials and certificate programs or other courses of instruction leading to those certifications or credentials that can be completed in six months or less;
- Build institutional capacity to provide high-demand credentials that are stackable in career pathways as identified by regional or statewide targeted occupations lists.

TRUE Outcomes



Work and coordinate with state (TWC, THECB, others) and local partners (LWDBs, Chambers, EDCs, others) to **put Texans back to work**.



Workforce reskilling and upskilling through educational opportunities aligned with good careers.

- New accelerated employment training leading to credentials of value that can be completed in weeks or less than six months.
- Certificates may be stacked leading to additional skills and credential attainment aligned to current COVIDimpacted workforce needs.
- Sustainable talent pipelines to meet local and regional workforce needs of the future.



Short term credentials increased and **recognized under 60x30TX plan** to meet the goals of Texas higher education plan.

 New credentials identified under this initiative used to inform funding formula recommendations related to institutional appropriations of funds for public junior colleges.

TRUE Labor Market Impact: A Stronger Texas Economy

- Texas workers benefit from attaining more and relevant skills.
 - For every \$50 million in investment, more than 30,000 Texans receive job training in high demand fields during the biennium building a stronger Texas workforce.
 - Earn certificates or micro-credentials representing high-demand marketable skills acquisition.
 - Dislocated workers more efficiently transition back to careers.
 - Programs developed also benefit incumbent workers and other students.
 - Reskilled and upskilled workforce earn higher wages.
 - According to a recent Comptroller report, workers with college or an associate degree earn an average of \$8,393
 more annually than high school graduates.
- Texas Employers benefit from a more skilled workforce.
 - Address immediate workforce needs while strengthening future workforce and market alignment.
 - Labor market skills gaps reduced in high-demand occupations.
 - Productivity gains realized as workers equipped with needed skills increase.
 - State and local tax benefits, including in unemployment Insurance Trust fund. (As of December 2020, more than \$5.8 B. has been borrowed from the federal accounts for the UI Trust fund to respond to pandemic demand.)

Joint Letter of Support

March 18, 2021

The Honorable Terry Wilson, Chair The Honorable Erin Zwiener, Vice Chair Article III Subcommittee House Committee on Appropriations The Honorable Brandon Creighton, Chair Article III Working Group Senate Finance Committee

Dear Chairs Creighton and Wilson and Vice Chair Zwiener,

As you consider the funding levels for Texas community colleges for the next biennium, we, the undersigned business organizations, urge your support of the Texas community colleges' request for additional funding to S.B. 1. Texas community colleges deliver the education and workforce training critical to equipping the Texas workforce with the skills needed for success, especially during this difficult pandemic-impacted recovery. We need strong community colleges to address the challenges our employers and workers are facing and support the economic recovery in every region of this state.

We support the community colleges' request to increase outcomes-based funding through the proposed success points revisions and the targeted hold harmless funding to ensure all colleges do not experience a reduction in funding relative to their current levels of appropriation. Community colleges are accessible, affordable, and deliver high quality education and training that must be supported as we rebuild our economy and strengthen our urban and rural communities and meet the education and workforce needs of students in those communities.

We also write to express our support for the "Texas Reskilling and Upskilling Through Education" (TRUE) workforce initiative. It is our desire to help our fellow Texans adversely affected by the pandemic more quickly reenter the workforce with the skills and credentials aligned with high-demand occupations and valued by Texas employers. TRUE is designed to align with the needs of business and industry and provide training in existing, new, or redesigned programs that result in credentials that can be completed in weeks or less than six months.

TRUE will not only reskill and upskill the Texas workforce but will also engage the employer community in the development of new industry-aligned credential programs needed to meet new workplace requirements and to close skills gaps. While TRUE will initially focus on putting unemployed Texans back to work, the initiative will also benefit other students like recent high school graduates who have not traditionally enrolled in higher education due to the pandemic.

During normal economic circumstances, Texas community colleges have served as excellent partners and providers of education and training for the state and Texas employers. These colleges now serve an even greater purpose and role as they provide a vital lifeline for millions of Texans affected by the pandemic. Our regional economies and the public benefit tremendously from the support community colleges receive from the Texas legislature. Therefore, we urge your support for the community college formula funding requests and the TRUE initiative. Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

Hector Rivero

CEO & President Texas Chemical Council



Glenn Hamer

CEO & President Texas Association of Business



Carlton Schwab

CEO

Texas Economic Development Council



Justin Yancy

President
Texas Business Leadership Council



Tony Bennett

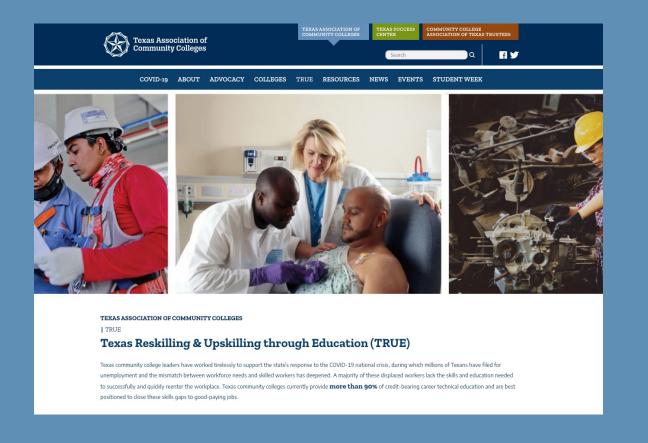
CEO & President Texas Association of Manufacturers

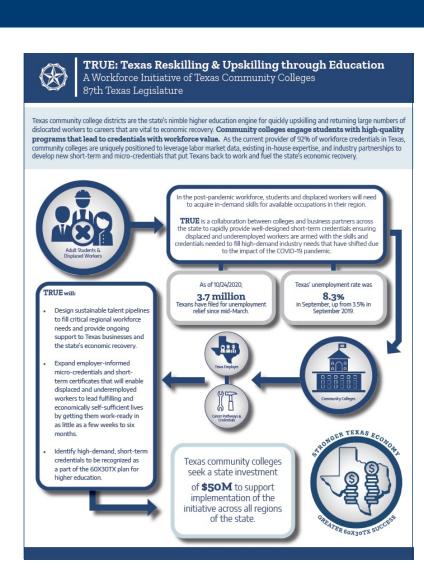


C: Members, Article III Subcommittee, House Committee on Appropriations Members, Article III Working Group, Senate Finance Committee

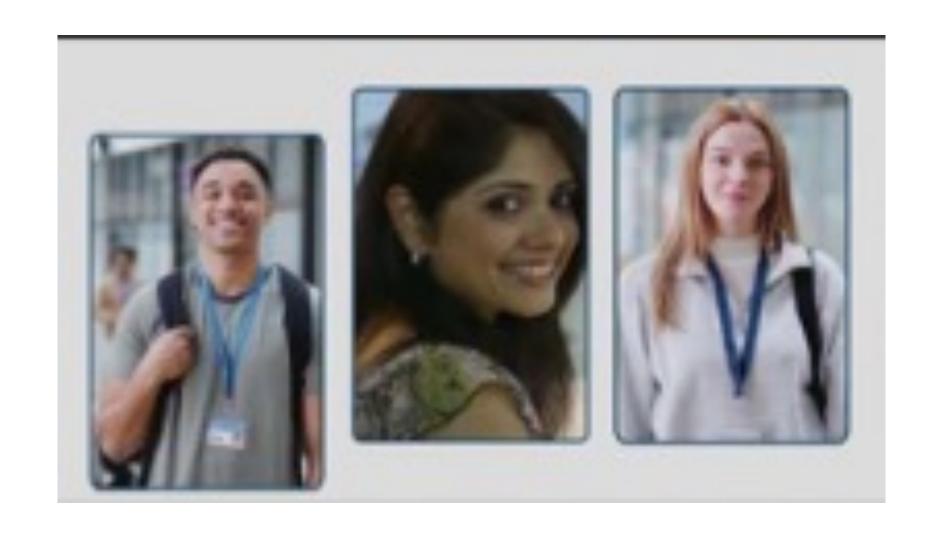
Communication Efforts

Landing Page





TRUE Explainer Video



TRUE Press Conference

April 9, 2021 – Lt. Governor's Reception Room





















Click here to watch the full interview with Dr. Brent Wallace and Fox 7 News

TRUE Op-Ed

Published Jointly with Mr. Woody Hunt

For a stronger economy, reskill and upskill the Texas workforce

As our economy recovers from a global crisis, community college leaders are working with employers to strengthen the Texas workforce, align education with business needs, and accelerate the economic recovery.

APRIL 26, 2021 2 PM CENTRAL



BY WOODY HUNT AND JACOB FRAIRE

Woody Hunt is chairman of the board of Hunt Companies, Inc. and serves as co-chair of the Texas Association of Community Colleges' Business Advisory Council. Jacob Fraire is president and CEO of the Texas Association of Community Colleges.

The global pandemic upended learning on college campuses across our state, challenging students' pursuit of post-secondary degrees in ways we had not anticipated. It also disrupted the global economy and deepened the mismatch between employer workforce needs and skilled workers. Texas community and technical colleges are committed to addressing this gap. It is time to take bold, purposeful action to strengthen our workforce, support employers and help our communities build a stronger economic recovery.





Click here to read entire op-ed

TRUE Texas Pathways







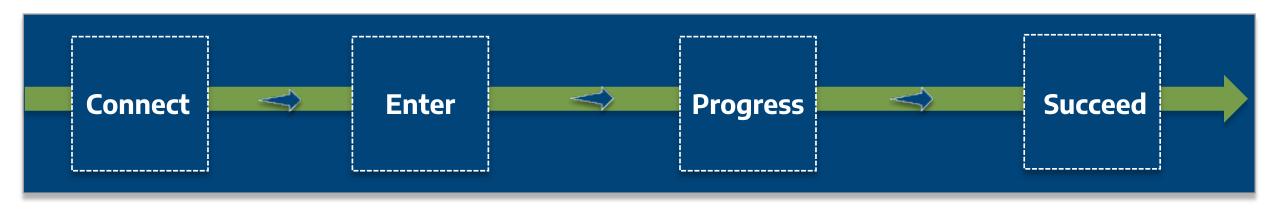
Texas community colleges' critical framework for getting Texans back to work.

Why Texas Pathways? An innovative response to educational needs

the skills and credentials
they need for a good career
and that employers need to
build thriving businesses and
a strong Texas economy.

- Only 23% of 8th graders earn any credential 6 years after HS. (19% of males; 14% of low-income students)
- While most good careers require post-secondary credentials, over half of all new CC students are not college ready (58%)
- At 44%, we are far from our state's higher education goal to have 60% of young Texans holding a postsecondary credential by 2030.
- Though committed to socioeconomic mobility through career-focused postsecondary success, misalignments across secondary and post-secondary institutions persist resulting in increased excess time and credits for students on their way to earning credentials.
- Since 2017, all Texas community colleges are committed to scaling the essential practices of Texas Pathways systemic reform strategies that are improving student success statewide.

Texas Pathways: A critical framework for scaling student success



Market program paths

Build pathways into high schools, adult ed. programs and other onboarding connections Help students explore options/ make full-program plan
Integrate academic support into critical program gateway courses

Clearly map out program paths

Redesign advising/scheduling to keep students on path

Monitor student progress, provide feedback and support

Align program outcomes with requirements for success in careerpath, employment, and further education



1. Map Paths to Student End Goals

- Multiple entry points
- Default program maps
- Completion, further education, employment
- Guides through transitions and transfer

2. Help Students Choose and Enter a Program Path

- College readiness in 1st year
- Career exploration
- Early contextualization
- Accelerated remediation for most poorly prepared

Texas Pathways

Four Pillars of Essential Practices

3. Keep students on paths

- Strong, inescapable advising
- Clarity for education and career choices
- Predictable schedules
- Early intervention
- Academic and non-academic support

4. Ensure students are learning

- Program learning outcomes aligned with careers and further education
- Internships and apprenticeships
- Active culturally competent teaching practices

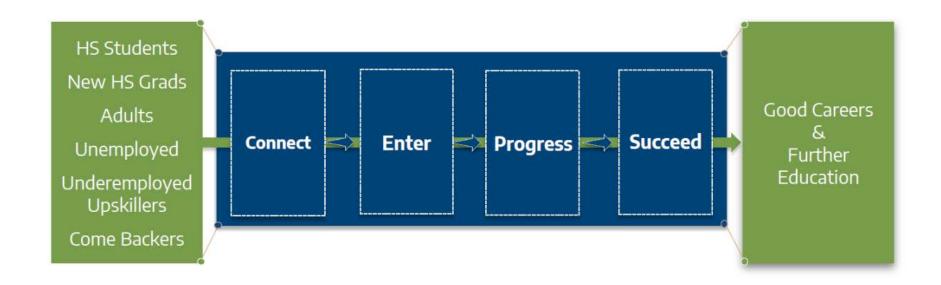
Why TRUE Pathways? An innovative response to a pandemic crisis

devastating blow to the Texas economy, forcing businesses across our state to shift, suspend, and in many cases close operations.

- Millions of our fellow Texans lose their jobs with a record number of more than 4 million filing initial claims for unemployment insurance since March 14, 2020 (As of December 2020).
 Many of these workers lack skills to effectively transition back to work.
- While many Texans have returned to work, the impact has been severe with deep employment reductions in several industry sectors and **an 8.1 percent unemployment rate in November** (TWC, December 18, 2020). This is **more than double the 3.5 percent rate one year ago**.
 - Workers with only a high school diploma reach an unemployment rate of 19.2 percent in April 2020 that declines but remains significantly higher than the rate for credentialed workers. The incumbent workforce will also continue to face new skills requirements.
- Significant shifts in **businesses have resulted in a serious mismatch between workforce needs and unemployed and underemployed worker skills**. There were already significant skills gaps in February 2020.
- A pre-pandemic national skills gap conflated with crisis related workplace transformations yield new skills alignment challenges for many Texans, including the incumbent workforce.
- Community college leaders, understanding the plight of our workforce, employers and economy, form a compact to offer solutions to meet the challenge, a TRUE solution for a stronger Texas economy.

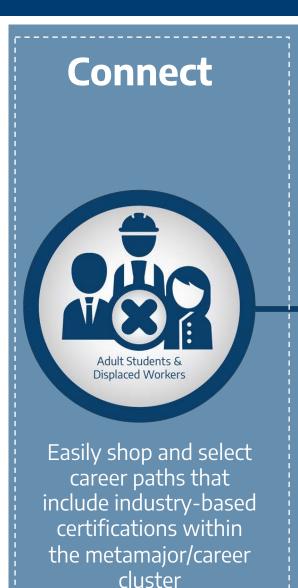
TRUE Pathways: A critical framework for scaling TRUE

- TRUE will deliver high-quality credentials aligned with labor market demand that can be bundled and sequenced (stacked pathway).
- Texas Pathways provides a critical framework for leveraging the investment made through the TRUE legislative and appropriations request.
- Colleges' success and momentum scaling Texas Pathways provides the foundation needed to build sustainable talent pipelines.



TRUE Pathways

Learners
From
Multiple
Entries



Enter



Onboard with a clear initial completion plan of less than 6 months

Progress



Career Pathways & Credentials

Gain skills and work-related experiences

Succeed



Complete credentials leading to key occupations with family-sustaining wages

Earn Good Careers

&

Plan Further <u>Ed</u>ucation

Sample TRUE Pathways: Key Occupations in Texas



The following labor market research uses job descriptions, occupations, and skills to map plausible career pathways from starter to next-step occupations. This pathways analysis considers:

- Job similarity and skill overlap between occupations
- Education and experience requirements
- Texas median salary BLS data to create upwardly mobile pathways
- State and local workforce targeted occupations

After being informed by employer, workforce, and college partners, the following TRUE Pathways data and maps can be used as blueprints to design career-focused educational experiences that will efficiently upskill and reskill Texans through high-quality industry-based certifications leading to higher-wage careers in key occupations.

Profile: Statewide

Key Occupation: Cardiovascular Technologists and Technicians*



4,197 Job PostingsDec 1, 2019 - Nov 30, 2020

\$52,560
Median Salary
Based on BLS data for
Texas

16% Projected Growth

Estimated growth in employment, 2020-2030

85% Entry Level

Percent of job postings calling for O-2 years of experience

10%BA+ Level

Percent of job postings calling for a BA or higher

23% (Low)
Automation Risk
Based on Osborn and Frey

Based on Osborn and Frey's methodology

Top 5 Specialized Skills

- Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation
- 2. Patient Care
- 3. Electrocardiogram
- 4. Cardiology
- 5. Catherization Laboratory (Cath Lab)

Top 5 Certifications

- 1. First Aid CPR AED
- 2. Basic Life Saving (BLS)
- 3. Advanced Cardiac Life Support Certification
- 4. Basic Cardiac Life Support Certification
- 5. American Registry of Radiologic Technologists Certification

Top 5 Employers

- Hospital Corporation of America
- 2. Christus Health
- 3. Baylor Scott & White Health
- 4. Texas Health Resources
- 5. Houston Methodist



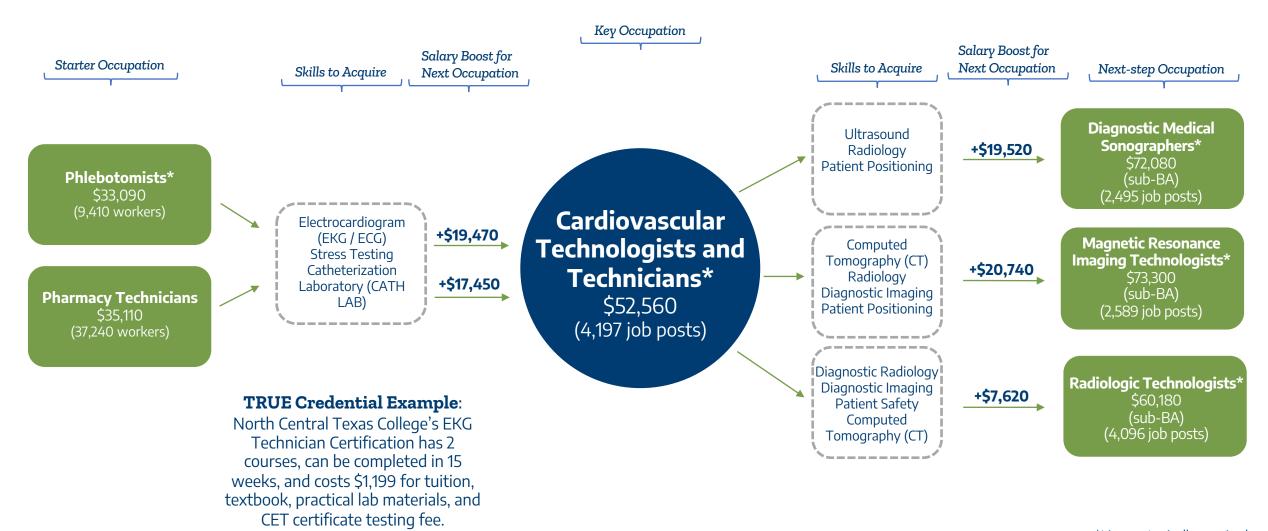
Assistance
Professional, Scientific,
and Technical Services
Other Services (except
Public Administration)

*License typically required

TRUE Pathways Map

Industry Area of Study: Health Sciences





*License typically required

Profile: Statewide

Key Occupation: Heating, Air Conditioning, and Refrigeration Mechanics and Installers*+

Texas



9,235 Job PostingsDec 1, 2019 - Nov 30, 2020



\$45,510
Median Salary
Based on BLS data for

16% Projected Growth

Estimated growth in employment, 2020-2030

38%
Entry Level
Percent of job postings calling for 0-2

years of experience

O% BA+ Level

Percent of job postings calling for a BA or higher

65% (Med) Automation RiskBased on Osborn and Frey's methodology

Top 5 Specialized Skills

- 1. HVAC
- 2. Repair
- 3. Plumbing
- 4. Ventilation
- 5. Predictive/Preventative Maintenance

Top 5 Certifications

- 1. Drivers License
- 2. Environmental Protection Agency Certification
- 3. EPA/CFC/HCFC Certification
- 4. North American Technician Excellence (NATE)
- 5. Occupational Safety and Health Administration Certification

Top 5 Employers

- 1. Sears
- TDindustries
- 3. Lochridge Priest Industries
- 4. Johnson Controls Incorporated
- 5. Cxc Talent Solutions



This occupation is important to the following industries:

Construction Manufacturing Retail Trade

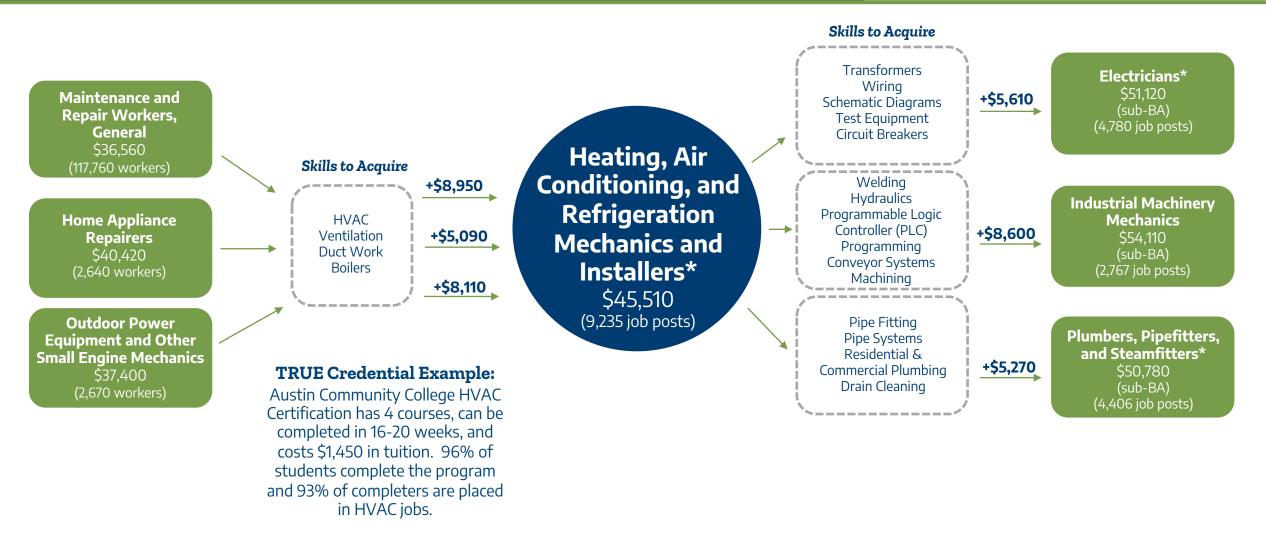
^{*}License typically required

⁺Texas Workforce Commission Target Occupation

TRUE Pathways Map

Industry Area of Study: Design, Manufacturing, Construction & Applied Technologies





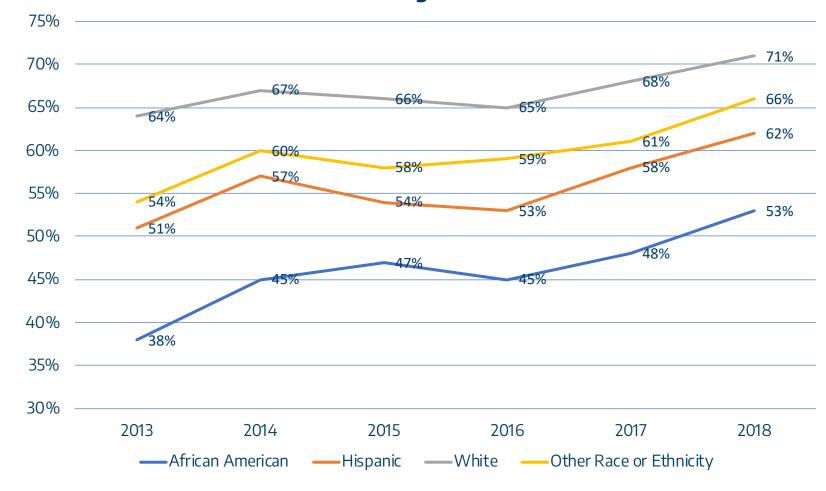
Pathways Colleges Improve Early Momentum Measures

Texas Pathways colleges are closing gaps by race/ethnicity.

In 2013, **26%** more White students earned 6+ credits in their first year than African American students. In 2018, that gap had closed to **18%**.

In 2013, **13%** more White students earned 6+ credits in their first year than Hispanic students. In 2018, that gap had closed to **9%**.

Percent of Students Earning 6 or More Credits in Term 1

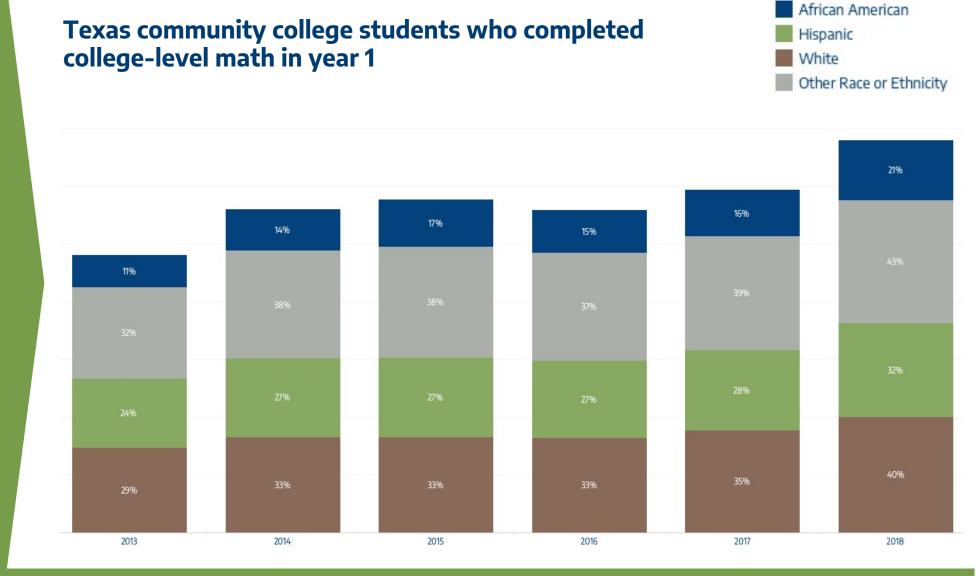


Pathways Colleges Improve Early Momentum Measures

Since Texas Pathways began, we see large improvements in the percent of all students completing college-level math.

In 2013, 11% of African American students completed math, in 2018, 21% did. A growth of 10%.

In 2013, 24% of Hispanic students completed math, in 2018, 32% did. A growth of 8%.



Measuring Progress for Texas Guided Pathways

Statewide Summary: Completed College Math in 1 Year

	Fall 2013	Fall 2014	Fall 2015	Fall 2016	Fall 2017	Fall 2018	Fall 2019
	% of Total Enrolled						
Underprepared	11%	13%	16%	16%	16%	22%	26%
Prepared	41%	47%	55%	55%	54%	55%	56%
White	29%	33%	33%	33%	35%	40%	42%
African American	11%	14%	17%	15%	16%	21%	25%
Hispanic	24%	27%	27%	27%	28%	32%	36%
Other	32%	38%	38%	37%	39%	43%	45%
Male	25%	27%	28%	28%	29%	33%	35%
Female	25%	29%	30%	28%	30%	35%	39%
Without Dual Credit	21%	25%	26%	23%	26%	30%	33%
With Dual Credit	45%	50%	49%	48%	48%	53%	54%
Full-Time	31%	37%	38%	37%	38%	42%	45%
Part-Time	17%	20%	21%	20%	22%	25%	28%
Received Pell	20%	24%	25%	25%	26%	31%	34%
Did Not Receive Pell	29%	32%	32%	31%	33%	37%	39%
Total	25%	28%	29%	28%	30%	34%	37%

Measuring Progress for Texas Guided Pathways

Statewide Summary: Persisted from Term 1 to Term 2

	Fall 2013	Fall 2014	Fall 2015	Fall 2016	Fall 2017	Fall 2018	Fall 2019
	% of Total Enrolled						
Underprepared	71%	71%	73%	70%	73%	72%	72%
Prepared	80%	81%	82%	81%	82%	82%	81%
White	76%	76%	76%	74%	76%	77%	76%
African American	69%	69%	71%	67%	69%	69%	68%
Hispanic	76%	77%	77%	75%	77%	77%	76%
Other	77%	79%	80%	77%	79%	79%	79%
Male	72%	73%	74%	72%	73%	74%	73%
Female	78%	78%	78%	76%	78%	78%	77%
Without Dual Credit	74%	75%	75%	72%	75%	75%	74%
With Dual Credit	81%	82%	80%	79%	81%	81%	79%
Full-Time	81%	82%	83%	83%	83%	83%	82%
Part-Time	69%	69%	70%	66%	70%	69%	68%
Received Pell	78%	78%	80%	77%	79%	80%	79%
Did Not Receive Pell	72%	73%	73%	71%	73%	73%	72%
Total	75%	75%	76%	74%	76%	76%	75%

Evolving the Cadre Model

improvements

Cadre 2

practices with one "at scale"

Data, capacities and initial

Cadre 4

Core capacities

2017-2019

Cadre 1

Scaling

Cadre 2

Preparing to scale

Cadre 3

Engagement and data

capacity

2020-2022

Cadre 1.2

Evaluation and quality

Cadre 1

Systemic scaling

Partial scaling of multiple

Cadre 3

scaling

Cadre 1.4 **Cadre 1.3**

2026-2028

Cadre 1.2 Cadre 1.2

Cadre 1 Cadre 1

Cadre 2

2023-2025

Cadre 1.3

Evolving the Cadre Model: College Commitments 2020-2022 Cadre 1.2 2017-2019 18 10 Cadre 1 Cadre 1 8 16 Cadre 2 Cadre 2 9 Cadre 3 Cadre 3

17

Cadre 4

2026-2028 Cadre 1.4 2023-2025 Cadre 1.3 Cadre 1.3 Cadre 1.2 Cadre 1.2 Cadre 1 Cadre 1 Cadre 2



Advancing the Community **College Story** Through Data Visualization

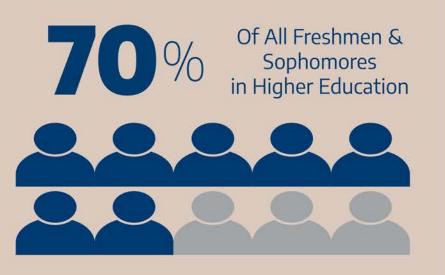
Texas Community Colleges Serve the State at Scale



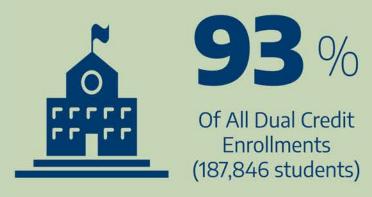
47 %

Community colleges are the **LARGEST** sector of higher education in Texas.

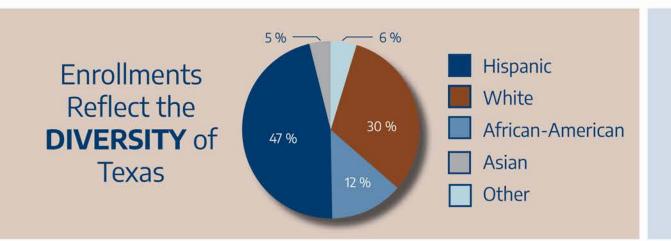
Institution Type	Fall 2019 Enrollment	% Of Enrollment
COMMUNITY COLLEGES	748,478	47.3%
Texas State Technical College	11,694	0.7%
Lamar State Colleges	9,116	0.6%
Public Universities	657,985	41.6%
Public Medical Institutions	26,169	1.7%
Private Institutions	129,484	8.2%





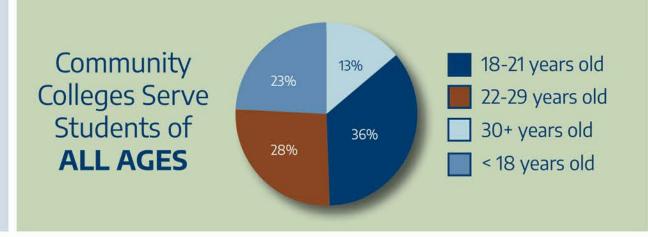


Community Colleges Reach a DIVERSE and UNDER-SERVED Population

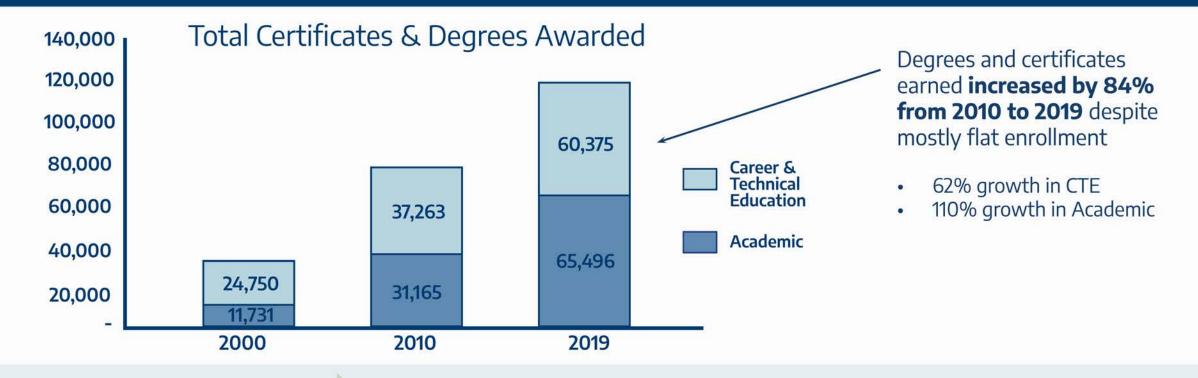




Of ALL MINORITY
Freshmen &
Sophomores in
Higher Education



Community Colleges Meet the Needs of a GROWING Texas



Texas Community Colleges
Provide a **PATHWAY** to
University

71 %

Of All FY2019 bachelor's degree graduates had **some transfer credits** from a two-year college

34%

Of All FY2019 bachelor's degree graduates had **more than 30** transfer credit hours from a two-year college

ACCESS to Higher Education Is Our Mission

Texas Ranks 4th in AFFORDABILITY

Average Tuition & Fees Public, two-year, 30 SCH

Rank	State	\$\$\$
1	California	\$1,268
2	New Mexico	\$1,666
3	Arizona	\$2,152
4	TEXAS	\$2,209
**National Avg. \$3,243		

Graduates Finish with LESS DEBT

Average Graduate Debt

Institution	% with debt	debt	
COLLEGES	31%	\$15,422	
Public University	59%	\$25,635	

Texas Remains ACCESSIBLE

Debt as % of First-Year Wages for Graduates

Institution	Percent	
COMMUNITY COLLEGES	38%	
Public Universities	61%	

Student Needs Survey

COVID-19 Pandemic

The COVID-19 pandemic has caused major disruption in the lives of Texans; college students are no exception. The Texas Association of Community Colleges created a survey to better understand how community college students are handling the COVID-19 outbreak, what challenges they are facing, and whether or not these students will persist towards their academic goals.

DELAY GRADUATION

of students are
VERY LIKELY
to delay graduation

of students are **SOMEWHAT LIKELY**to delay graduation

of students are
VERY LIKELY
to take fewer classes

INTERNET ACCESS

16%

of students lack regular
ACCESS TO A COMPUTER

57%

of students struggle to find a QUIET PLACE/
TIME TO STUDY



47%

of students cannot always **ACCESS THE INTERNET**

21%

19%

26%

44%

of students are likely to experience some level of **FOOD INSECURITY** within 30 days



73%

of students would have difficulty
ACQUIRING \$500 IN CASH/
CREDIT within 30 days

57%

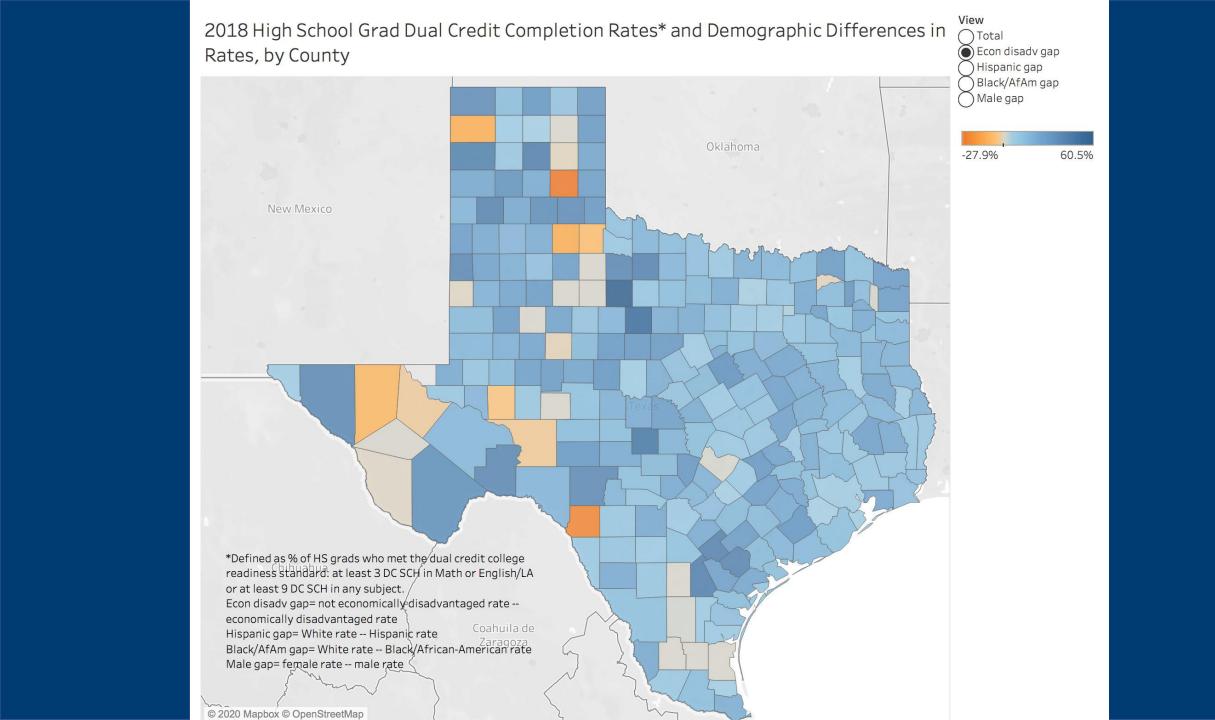
of students reported LOSING INCOME AND/OR WORK HOURS

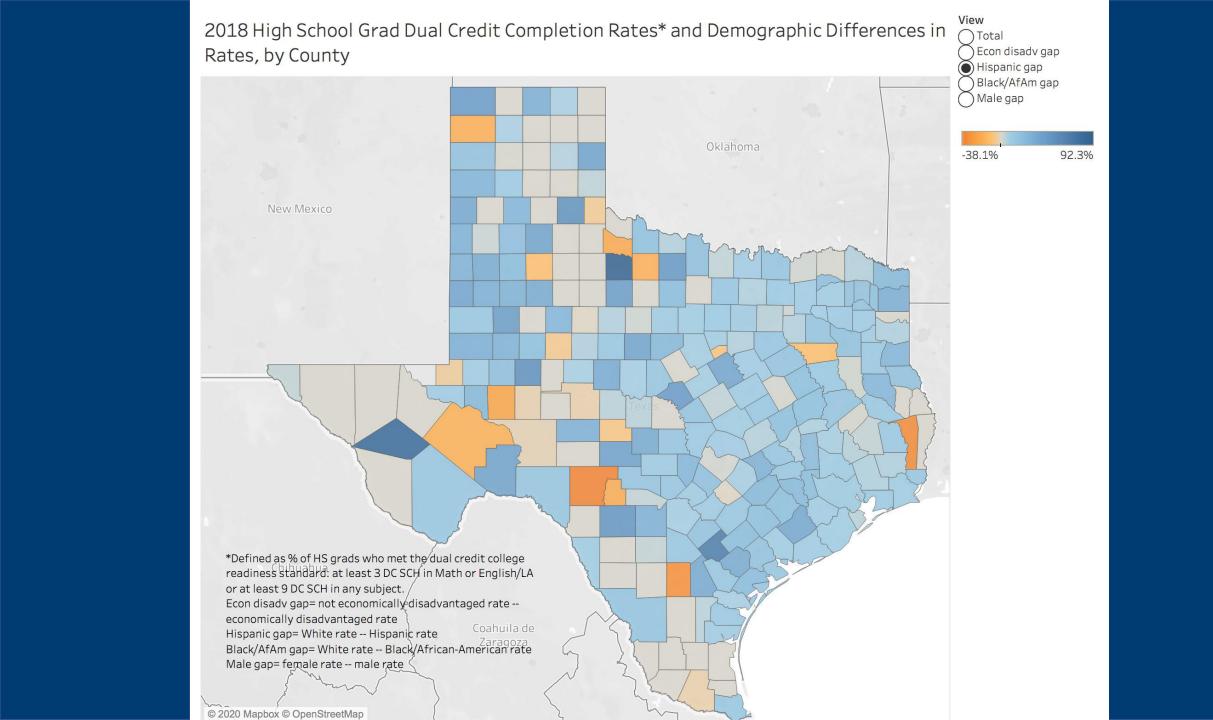
47%

of students report having household **HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE**

View 2018 High School Grad Dual Credit Completion Rates* and Demographic Differences in (Total Econ disadv gap Rates, by County Hispanic gap Black/AfAm gap Male gap Oklahoma 0.0% 91.7% New Mexico *Defined as % of HS grads who met the dual credit college readiness standard: at least 3 DC SCH in Math or English/LA or at least 9 DC SCH in any subject. Econ disadv gap= not economically disadvantaged rate -economically disadvantaged rate Coahuila de Hispanic gap= White rate -- Hispanic rate Black/AfAm gap= White rate -- Black/African-American rate Male gap= female rate -- male rate

© 2020 Mapbox © OpenStreetMap







Workforce Demographic &

Labor Market Data

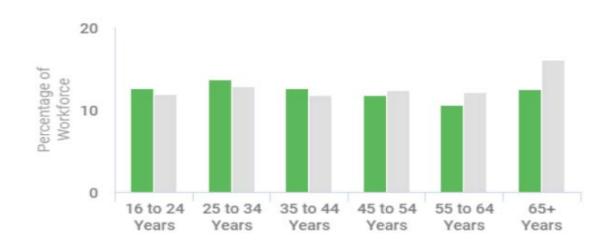
Texas Data Points

Texas Workforce: A Comparatively Younger Workforce

Workforce Demographics - Age Median Age



Nationwide 39 Years



Age Group	Nationwide	Texas
16 to 24 Years	33,860,057(11.9%)	3,117,326(12.6%)
25 to 34 Years	36,788,470(12.9%)	3,374,192(13.7%)
35 to 44 Years	33,671,459(11.8%)	3,107,234(12.6%)
45 to 54 Years	35,411,526(12.4%)	2,906,232(11.8%)
55 to 64 Years	34,970,463(12.2%)	2,622,446(10.6%)
65+ Years	45,885,438(16.1%)	3,099,759(12.5%)

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2014 – 2018 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimate

- The Texas workforce is younger than the national average and has a larger percentage of workers aged 16-24, 25-34, and 35-44 than the nation as whole.
- The Texas workforce is growing faster and is younger than the national average. This is an economic development and job creation asset.

Texas Workforce & Educational Attainment

• Texas has fewer aging workers (age 55 and older) than the percentage nationwide.

TEXAS - 19.2%

NATIONWIDE - 21.6%

• Texas also has a younger working age population (16-65) than the national average.

TEXAS - 87.9%

NATIONWIDE - 83.9%

• However, Texas also has a larger percentage of our working age population over 25 without a high school diploma.

Education Level	Nationwide	Texas
Less than High School	23,613,585(12.6%)	2,596,444(17.2%)
High School Diploma or GED	51,873,279(27.8%)	3,881,437(25.7%)
Some College or Associate's Degree	55,844,750(29.9%)	4,516,357(29.9%)
Bachelor's Degree	36,031,469(19.3%)	2,787,668(18.4%)
Graduate Degree	19,364,273(10.4%)	1,327,957(8.8%)

Source: U.S.
Census Bureau,
2014 – 2018
American
Community
Survey 5-Year
Estimate

Texas Workforce: Age & Education Level UR

	16 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 54	55 to 64	65 and older	UNEMPLOYM ENT RATE	TOTAL				
Total	14.6%	6.6%	5.1%	4.9%	4.6%	4.4%	6.7%	950,284				
EDUCATION LEVEL												
Less than High School	24.2%	10.2%	7.1%	6.7%	5.3%	5.4%	10.5%	1,700,511				
High School Diploma or GED	16.2%	8.8%	6.7%	5.6%	4.8%	3.8%	8.4%	3,207,742				
Some College or Associate's Degree	10.4%	6.6%	5.1%	4.7%	4.7%	4.4%	6.3%	4,414,882				
Bachelor's Degree	9.6%	3.8%	3.4%	3.9%	4.4%	5.1%	4.3%	2,630,469				
Graduate Degree	8.9%	3.5%	2.7%	3.4%	3.8%	3.8%	3.4%	1,190,400				

Sources: Estimates based on American Community Survey, Local Area Unemployment Statistics.

- Using BG Data, the Texas unemployment rate (UR) in October 2020 was 6.7%, (increasing to 8.1 in November).
- Using available October data, the UR for workforce members aged 16-24 was 14.8%, more than double the statewide rate. Workers in this age group with less than a HS diploma had an UR of 24.2%. For workers with only a high-school diploma in this age cohort, the rate was 16.2%.
- The UR for workers with a HS diploma or less was significantly higher than the rate for credentialed workers in October, similar to trends for just about every month.

^{*}The range of low to high is based on the overall unemployment rate for your selected location.

Texas Workforce: Race/Ethnicity & Education Level UR

	Less than High School	High School Diploma or GED	Some College or Associate's Degree	Bachelor's Degree	Graduate Degree	UNEMPLOYMEN T RATE	TOTAL				
Total	10.5%	8.4%	6.3%	4.3%	3.4%	6.7%	950,286				
RACE / ETHNICITY											
American Indian or Alaska Native	13.8%	12.5%	3.9%	5.6%	3.4%	7.2%	31,075				
Asian	7.8%	6.0%	5.4%	5.1%	4.1%	5.3%	659,152				
Black or African American	24.5%	12.8%	9.0%	5.5%	5.0%	10.2%	1,539,592				
Hispanic or Latino	8.7%	7.9%	6.6%	5.0%	3.3%	7.3%	4,797,655				
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	7.5%	14.6%	8.9%	7.9%	2.5%	9.8%	9,407				
Other	6.3%	2.8%	9.7%	4.9%	5.4%	6.4%	17,758				
Two or More Races	18.5%	11.8%	7.7%	6.2%	4.3%	8.6%	175,849				
White	13.4%	7.5%	5.2%	3.6%	2.9%	5.5%	5,913,519				

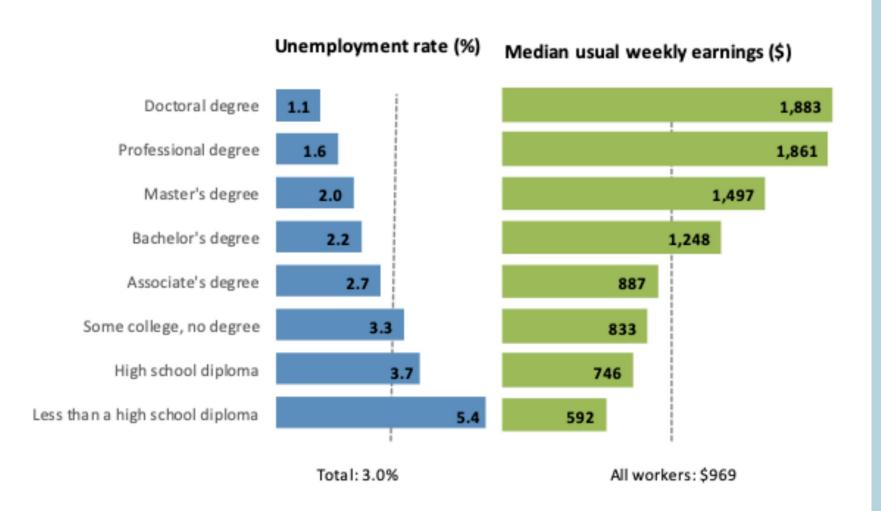
Sources: Estimates based on American Community Survey, Local Area Unemployment Statistics.

The following BG chart shows significantly higher levels of unemployment for Blacks compared to other racial/ethnic groups.

Their UR rates are also significantly higher when compared to other workers with a high school diploma or less showing some improvement for credentialed workers.

[&]quot;The range of low to high is based on the overall unemployment rate for your selected location.

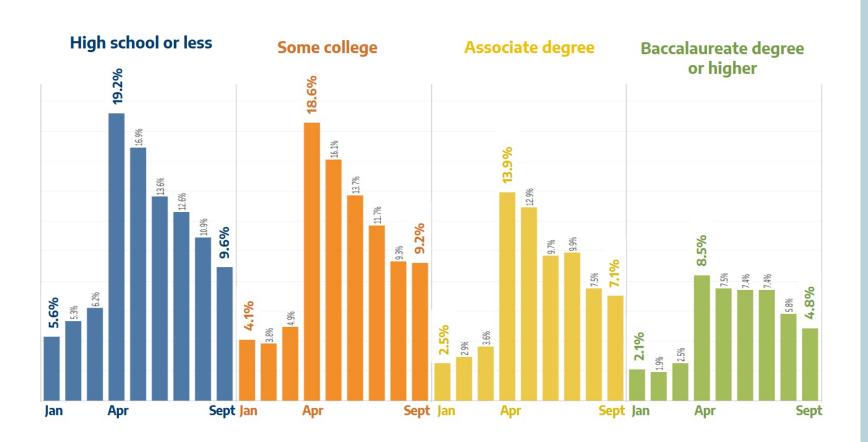
Education Attainment & Unemployment Rates: 2019 CPS



Higher levels of education have historically led to lower levels of unemployment and higher weekly earnings.

Pre-pandemic, members of the workforce with an associate degree had significantly lower levels of unemployment than workers with a high school diploma or less.

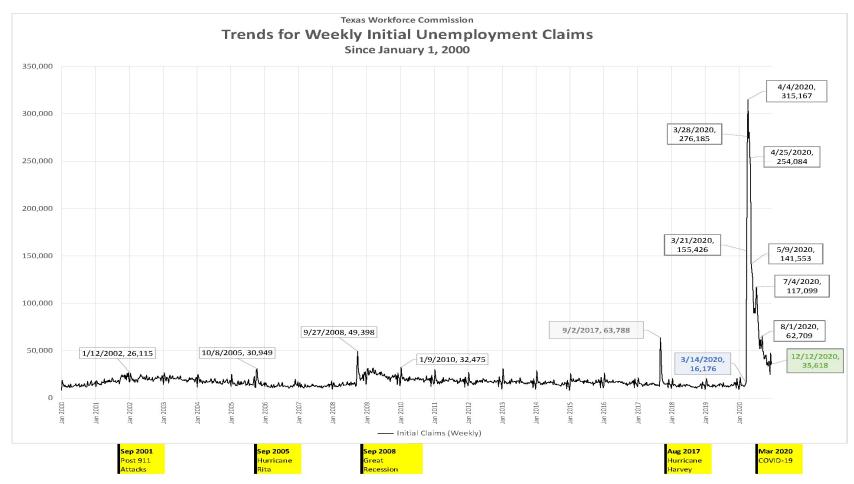
Education Attainment & Unemployment Rates



Source: Georgetown University Center on Education and the Workforce analysis of US Census Bureau and Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey (Basic Monthly), 2020.

- Using this slide from Georgetown CWE, during the pandemic, members of the workforce with postsecondary credentials have experienced significantly lower levels of unemployment than workers with a high school diploma or less.
- This aligns with the impact felt by workers during the Great National Recession.
- Credentials, on average, result in more positive employment outcomes.

Trends: Workers filing Initial Weekly Unemployment Claims



Source: U.S. Department of Labor (USDOL)

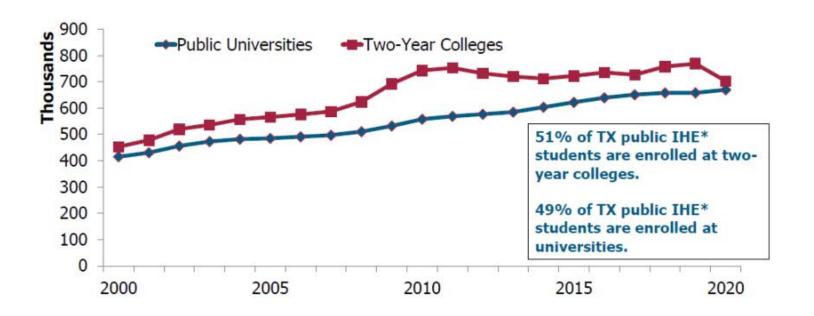
https://oui.doleta.gov/unemploy/claims.asp
Unemployment Insurance Weekly Claims Data

https://www.dol.gov/ui/data.pdf
Latest USDOL News Release for Unemployment Insurance Weekly Claims
Note: Most recent week reflects advance claims which are not directly comparable to claims reported in prior weeks.

- Using data and graph from TWC, the number of workers filing initial claims is unprecedented and greatly exceeds filing activity during other economic downturns. There were an average of 13,497 weekly claims filed in 2019. By comparison, claims filing have declined from 315,167 in week ending 4/4 to 35,618 for week ending 12-12-2020.
- By comparison, during the Great National Recession new initial claims reached a high of 49,358.

Fall 2020 Texas Preliminary enrollment estimates

Enrollment trends since 2000 show more variability at twoyear colleges; university enrollments are steadier



Source: THECB Meeting, Agenda Item V-B, Texas Higher Education Preliminary Headcount

This graph from the THECB also shows that in 2020, we are not yet seeing the spike in 2-Year College enrollment that was experienced during the Great National Recession. In fact, we are seeing a decline with significant implications for the state, our workforce and our economy.



Community College Policy Roadmap

2021-2025

Community College Policy Roadmap: 2021-2025

The Future of Work

The Future of Learning

Employer Partnerships

Student Aid Modernization

Research Capacity & Quality Data

Texas Reskilling & Upskilling Through Education (TRUE)

- Quality Online Learning
- Quality OER
- Quality CE / CTE Credentials
- Business Advisory Council
- Regional Business Advisory Councils
- Federal, State and Institutional Aid

Community College Finance Commission

• Student-Centric Funding Formula

- Performance Based funding
- Shared Administrative Services
- Dual Credit Master Plan / Equity
- Aligned Service Areas / Taxing Districts



Policy Drivers

- Recommendations from the Commission on Community College Finance
- Dual Credit Equity
- OER Equity
- Quality CTE Credentials
- Shared Administrative Resources
- Shared Accountability for Transfer Outcomes



Policy Drivers / Levers

- Future of Work
- Future of Learning
- Student Outcomes Equity
- Quality Online Instruction
- Quality and Accessible Data
- Optimal Performance-Based Funding
- Next Generation Financial Aid

Policy Research & Development Fund

GOAL

Establish a \$1M Fund for Policy Research & Development

- Create Original Data
- Expand Policy Analytics Capacity
- Support Stakeholder Convenings
- Support Policy Learning Communities
- Support External Quantitative Analyses
- Support Field-based Qualitative Case Studies
- Support Financial Modeling
- Support Web-based Interactive Dashboards and Heatmaps

