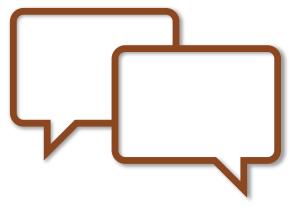
Welcome!



We will start at 12:00 PM CT.

This Zoom meeting is set up in a webinar format, so attendee videos and microphones are disabled.

Please type questions for our speakers using the Chat or Q&A functions.



House Bill 8
Rulemaking for
Fiscal Year 2025



Guest Speakers



Ray Martinez
President & CEO, TACC



Elizabeth Chivers
Senior Director of Strategy
& Policy Analysis, TACC

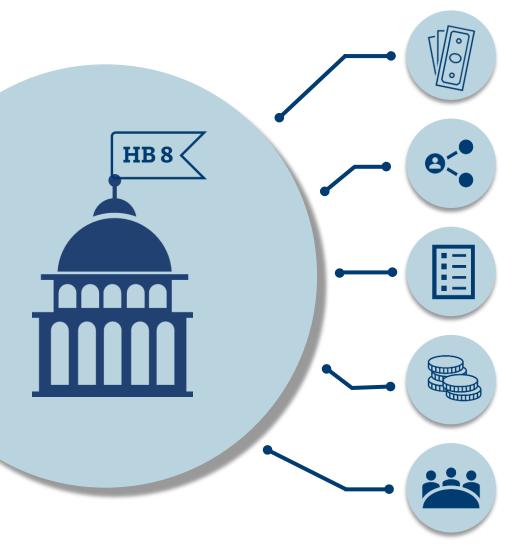
House Bill 8: FY 25 Rules & Forecasting Model

Ray Martinez III, J.D. President & CEO



Elizabeth Chivers, M.A. Senior Director, Strategy & Policy Analysis

Key Components of House Bill 8



Financial Aid for Swift Transfer (FAST)

A new financial aid program that would allow "educationally disadvantaged" students to enroll in dual credit classes at no cost to them.

Shared Services

Encourages public junior colleges to participate in institutional collaborations that help students afford college, complete credentials, and transfer.

Performance Tier

The funding level that constitutes the majority of state funding and is comprised of measurable outcomes.

Base Tier

The funding level that ensures each public junior college has access to a defined level of funding for instruction and operations.

Community College Standing Advisory Committee (SAC)

A group of community college leaders that will provide advice and counsel to the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board during implementation.

Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board:

Timeline for House Bill 8



Effective Date for House Bill 8

The transformative funding bill goes into effect for all colleges across the state.

April 25, 2024

Adoption of FY 25 Regular Rules

THECB approves FY 25 regular rules for the new funding formula.

August 22, 2023

FY 2024 Emergency Rules

THECB approved the first set of emergency rules for the new funding formula for Texas community colleges.

January 25, 2024

FY 2024 Regular Rules

THECB approved FY 2024 regular rules for the new funding formula.

July 25, 2024

Additional FY 25 Regular Rules

THECB approves additional FY 25 regular rules for the new funding formula.



House Bill 8:

Key Changes from FY 24 to FY 25



Key Changes for FY 25 Rules

Based on feedback from key stakeholders and college leaders, FY 25 will include changes in **four key areas.**





funded for all conferred certificates and associate and bachelor's degrees that meet the "credential of value" threshold within 10 years.

Credentials of Value Premium:

Institutions will receive additional premium funding for each student earning a credential of value who is projected to achieve a positive return on investment at or before a target year when most students in comparable programs are projected to reach a positive return on investment (ROI).



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Funded in FY 24 + FY 25:

- 15 SCH Dual Credit
- 15 SCH Transfer/Coenrollment
- Continuing education certificate
- Occupational skills swards
- Credentials leading to licensure or certification
- Level 1 or 2 certificate
- Advanced technical certificate
- Associate degree
- Baccalaureate degree

Additions in FY 25:

- Texas Opportunity High School Diploma – five community colleges participating in pilot.
- Third-Party Credentials associated with ACE National Guide



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Statewide High-Demand Fields:

 Top-10 growing occupation according to 10-year projections from Texas Workforce Commission (TWC) and Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS).

Regional High-Demand Fields:

• Top-5 growing occupational groups in each college region that are not on the statewide list – using Texas Comptroller regions.

Essential and Emerging Occupations

- Colleges will petition up to 5
 essential occupations to be
 added to their region every
 biennium.
- **Emerging occupations** will be added to the statewide list by the Commissioner in coordination with State Leadership.



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Adult Learners: Students older than 25 years for a period **prior to earning credential.**

Dual Credit: Removing double counting that previously contributed to both dual credit and transfer.

Transfer: Only **one college** is credited.

Outcomes: Payment based on forecasted outcomes for the upcoming year to better fund performance changes.

Data sources: Change data source for average tuition and fees from IPEDS to THECB data.

House Bill 8: Performance Tier Outcomes



Dollars Per Weighted Outcome

Performance Tier Inputs		Standard Value	High-Demand Field Value		
Dollars per Weighted Outcome Completion					
15 SCH Dual Credit	\$	3,500		N/A	
GAI Transfer with 15 SCH	\$	3,500		N/A	
GAI Co-enrollment with 15 SCH	\$	3,500		N/A	
Institutional Credential leading to Licensure or Certification (ICLC)	\$	1,000	\$	1,250	
Occupational Skills Award	\$	1,000	\$	1,250	
Certificate	\$	1,750	\$	3,500	
Advanced Technical Certificate (ATC)	\$	1,750	\$	3,500	
Certificate Credential of Value Premium	\$	437		N/A	
Associate Degree	\$	3,500	\$	4,500	
Associate Degree Credential of Value Premium	\$	875		N/A	
Bachelor's Degree	\$	3,500	\$	4,500	
Bachelor's Degree Credential of Value Premium	\$	875		N/A	
Outcome Completion Weights					
Academic Disadvantage		0.25		0.25	
Economic Disadvantage		0.25		0.25	
Adult Learner		0.50		0.50	
Dollars per Weighted Outcome Completion (Funded Beginning with FY25 Outcomes)					
Opportunity High School Diploma	\$	3,500		N/A	
Third Party Credentials	\$	1,000	\$	1,250	

House Bill 8:

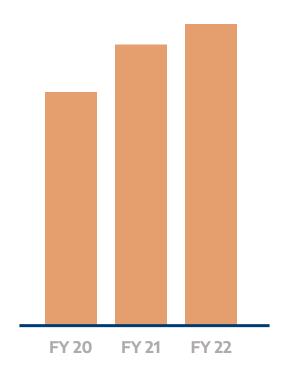
Transition to Forecasting Model



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Framework for FY 24 Runs

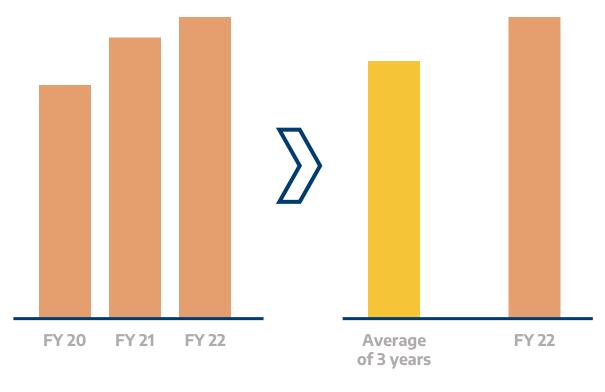
For FY 24, institutional outcomes were calculated based on **actuals** from the better of FY 22 Weighted Outcomes or a three-year average Weighted Outcome (FY 20-22).



College 'X' Outcomes

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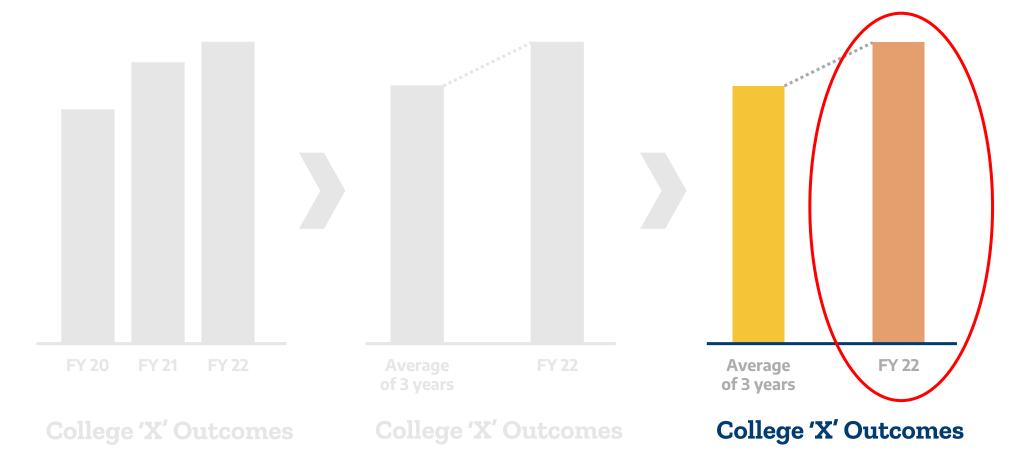


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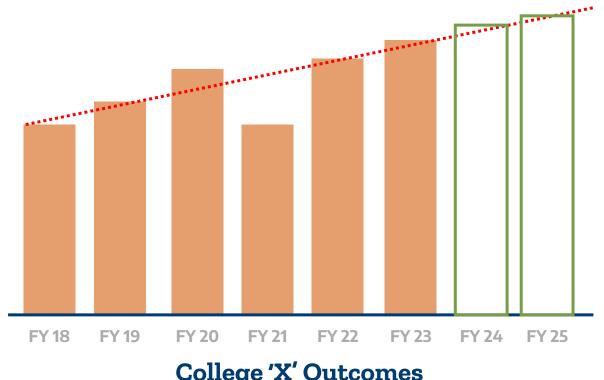
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Framework for FY 25 Runs

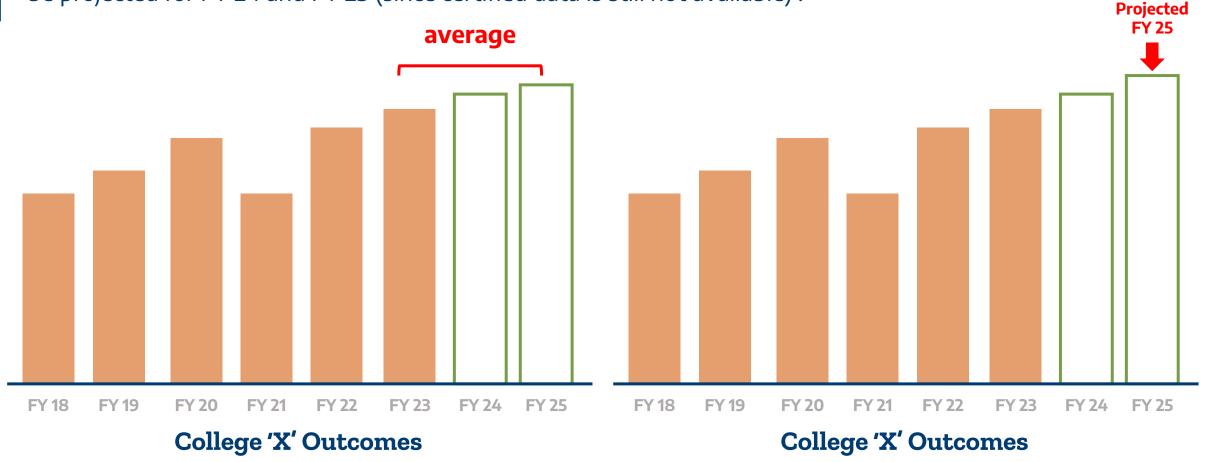
For FY 25, institutional outcomes will be projected using historical data from FY 2018 – 2023. Outcomes will be projected for FY 24 and FY 25 (since certified data is still not available).



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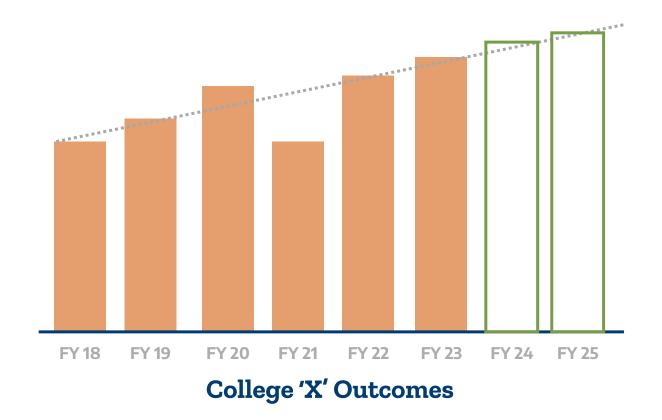
House Bill 8: Guardrails



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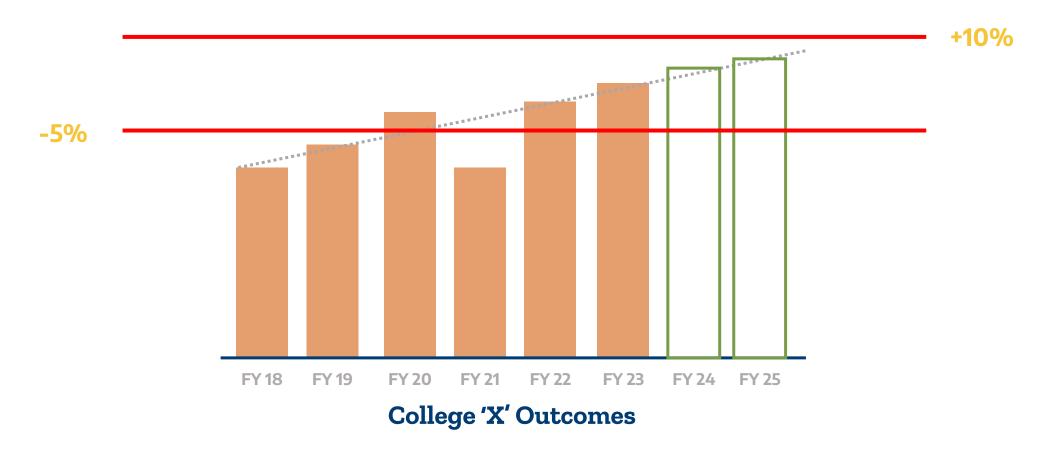
Guardrail Framework

During projection calculations, year-to-year changes will be **limited to +10% / -5%** to ensure forecasted outcomes fall within realistic limits and to provide funding stability to colleges. Guardrails will apply per outcome.



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House Bill 8: Dynamic Payments



For House Bill 8 implementation, institutions transitioned to a **three-pay model**. Moving forward, the payment schedule will be **dynamic** as certified data becomes available.

Fall Payment

College 'X' receives 50% of FY 25 Foundation Payment calculated on projected outcomes.

OCT. 2024

1st payment

For House Bill 8 implementation, institutions transitioned to a **three-pay model**. Moving forward, the payment schedule will be **dynamic** as certified data becomes available.

Fall Payment

College 'X' receives 50% of FY 25 Foundation Payment calculated on projected outcomes.

Spring Payment

College 'X' receives 25% of FY 25 Foundation Payment and additional funds if their preliminary outcomes are greater than projections. This is called the **Dynamic Adjustment**.

OCT. 2024

FEB. 2025

1st payment

2nd payment

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Spring Payment

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Summer Payment

College 'X' receives the remaining 25% of FY 25 Foundation Payment subject to legislative appropriations.

OCT. 2024

FEB. 2025

JUNE 2025

1st payment

2nd payment

3rd payment

For House Bill 8 implementation, institutions transitioned to a **three-pay model**. Moving forward, the payment schedule will be **dynamic** as certified data becomes available.

New Fiscal Year Fall Payment Spring Payment Summer Payment College 'X' receives 25% of FY 25 Foundation College 'X' receives the College 'X' receives 50% Payment and additional remaining 25% of FY 25 of FY 25 Foundation funds if their preliminary Foundation Payment Payment calculated on outcomes are greater subject to legislative projected outcomes. than projections. appropriations. This is called the **Dynamic Adjustment**. **OCT. 2024** FEB. 2025 **JUNE 2025** 3rd payment 1st payment 2nd payment



This three-pay model will repeat itself for FY 26, with an additional mid-year settle-up process (+ or - inclusive of guardrails) for the October 2025 Foundation Payment, and a settle-up (only +) for the February 2026 Dynamic Payment. .

New Fiscal Year

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Close-Out Adjustments / Fall Payment

Certified FY 25 data becomes available (guardrails removed) and College 'X' receives final adjustments to funding two years later.

OCT. 2024

FEB. 2025

JUNE 2025

OCT. 2026

1st payment

2nd payment

3rd payment

1st payment

House Bill 8: Key Terms & Definitions



Key Terms for House Bill 8

Term	Definition	
Credentials of Value	 A positive return on investment for college completers compared to a high school graduate after 10 years. 	
Credential of Value Premium	 An incentive to complete students more quickly. Bonuses for individual students who complete faster than the statewide average tipping point for positive ROI in a particular program. 	
High Demand Fields	• Occupations where large numbers of employees are estimated to be needed.	
Outcome Completion Weights	Additional outcome "points" awarded for students who are economically disadvantaged, academically disadvantaged, or adults.	
Projections	 The funding colleges receive in FY 25 (Fall 24-Summer 25) is based on actual data from the most recent year—2023—and projected outcomes for 2024 and 2025 based on 7 years of prior actuals. Maximum increase allowed is 10% and maximum decrease allowed in 5%. 	
Dynamic Funding Model	Funding amounts will be adjusted each year based on actuals.	



Texas Association of Community Colleges

Trustee Leadership Seminars 2023 - 2024

Focusing on data-informed governance for community colleges





SEPTEMBER

12-14

2024

CCATT Annual Conference

Collaborative Connections:

Community College Governance & K-12 Partnerships



2024 Summer Webinar Series

Data Basics for Higher Education

Tuesday, June 18, 12:00pm CT

Campus Safety & Crisis Response

Thursday, July 18, 12:00pm CT

Expanding IT Pathways with CompTIA

Thursday, August 15, 12:00pm CT

Thank you!

