

The Workforce Playbook: Understanding the Labor Market and Regional Population

Josh Wyner, Executive Director
The Aspen Institute College Excellence Program

Strategy 1: Advance a Vision

1

Advance a vision for talent development and economic mobility





- Define labor market outcomes as a central component of student success
- Understand the state of the regional labor market and population, and how these are changing
- Align offerings to needs of employers and population

Defining Strong Outcomes: Context Matters



What is the cost of living in my community?



What is the average wage?



What is the cost of my degree?



Who are my students, and what do they need from a job (financially and otherwise)?

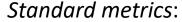


How Have Others Defined Strong Outcomes?



McCourt School of Public Policy

Georgetown Center on Education and the Workforce



\$35,000/year for those under 45 years old and \$45,000 for those 45 or over



- Accounts for degree/credential and age/experience
- Straightforward



 Does not account for characteristics of individual regional economies or family size



MIT Living Wage Calculator

Typical expense categories:
Food, child care, medical, housing, transportation, other

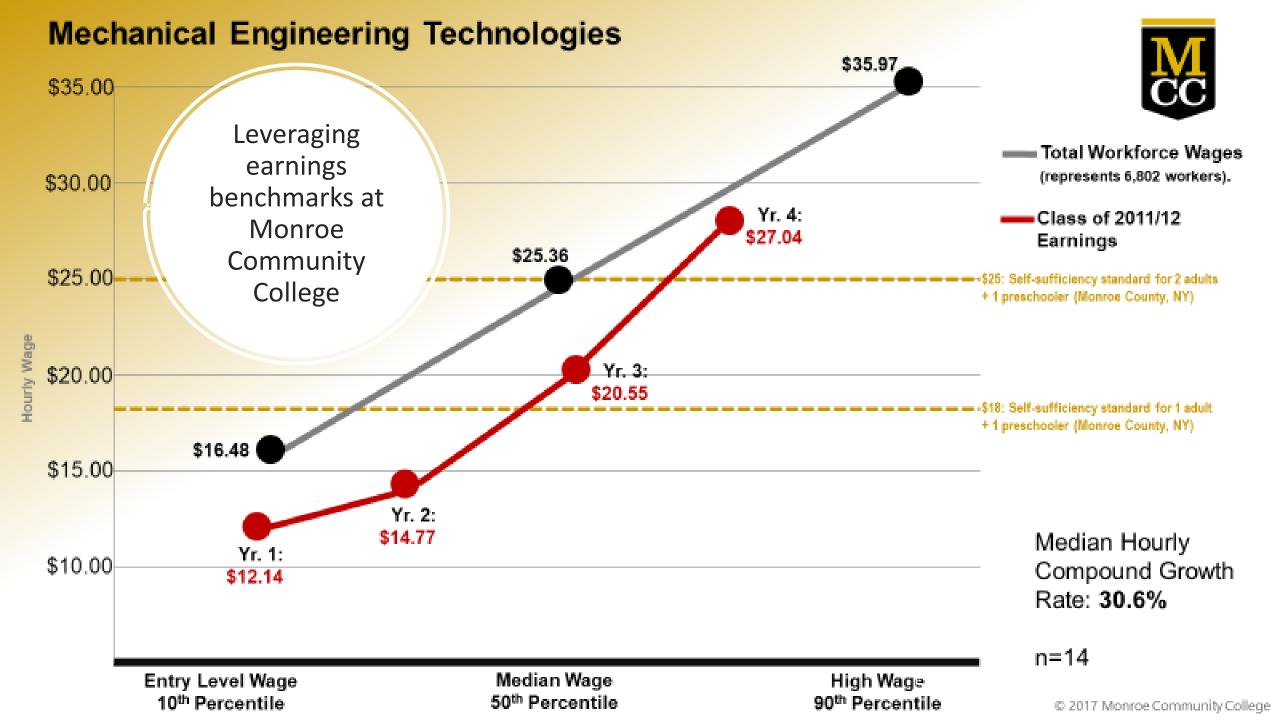


- Based on annual regional living costs
- Adjusted for family size



 Relatively low threshold for success based on amount needed to subsist





Strategy 1: Advance a Vision

1

Advance a vision for talent development and economic mobility





- Define labor market outcomes as a central component of student success
- Understand the state of the regional labor market and population, and how these are changing
- Align offerings to needs of employers and population

Understanding Your Population



Key Research Questions

- What are the demographics of your region? How are they changing?
- What are the economic challenges in your region?
- What is the educational attainment level of your population generally? What disparities exist?



Typical Data Points and Sources

- Racial/ethnic demographics of region,
 U.S. Census Bureau
- Percent living in poverty and percent working poor, U.S. Census Bureau
- Annual income by educational attainment and race/ethnicity, U.S. Census Bureau
- Educational attainment by race/ethnicity,
 U.S. Census Bureau

Understanding Your Regional Labor Market



Key Research Questions

- What major industry sectors and/or employers define your economy?
- Is your region's overall economy growing or declining?
- What are the good jobs in your region?
- What skills and education credentials are needed for these jobs?



Typical Data Points and Sources

- Top five industries and employers, U.S.
 Bureau of Labor Statistics
- Total number of jobs in region over past five years, U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics
- Occupations that pay a living wage, U.S.
 Bureau of Labor Statistics
- Typical education requirements, on-the-job training and work experience required, U.S.
 Bureau of Labor Statistics



Addressing a Changing Economy at Monroe Community College



Regional economy moves from reliance on Kodak and Xerox to 97% of companies being small businesses with fewer than 100 employees; many workers laid off



Studied data to determine biggest industry clusters; convened employers by industry to supplement with qualitative input



Monroe VP Todd Oldham convened 11 companies with similar skills needs, expressed that "training 15-20 is more efficient than training 1-2"



Created 120-hour injection molding program based on just-in-time demand; 30 new hires (largely adults) to date; evolved into LadderzUp; now used to recruit other employers to area



Sample Tool: Monroe Community College

Regional program completions vs. estimated annual openings.

This measurement aims to provide a regionally based supply and demand report, comparing the total estimated number of learners completing a relevant middle-skills training or education program within a region, against estimated industry demand for those middle-skills workers that have been included for purposes of this analysis in a specific occupational group or workforce cluster. Additional source information and detailed completion data are available in <u>Data Sources</u>.

ABOUT

Middle-Skill Education Provider	July 2016 - June 2017 Completions	Estimated Annual Job Openings	Estimated Gap (△)
Aggregate Middle-Skills Education Providers	1,547	5,624	-4,077**
Total	1,547*		

Data is estimated, not predictive. Source: Includes associates degrees; awards of at least 1 but less than 2 academic years; awards of less than 1 academic year; and non-credit awards of 1 academic year or less from Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS).

Q3 2019 EMSI Occupation data.

2019 Total Workforce: 46,320

Aggregate Cluster - Healthcare - Finger Lakes, NY Workers.

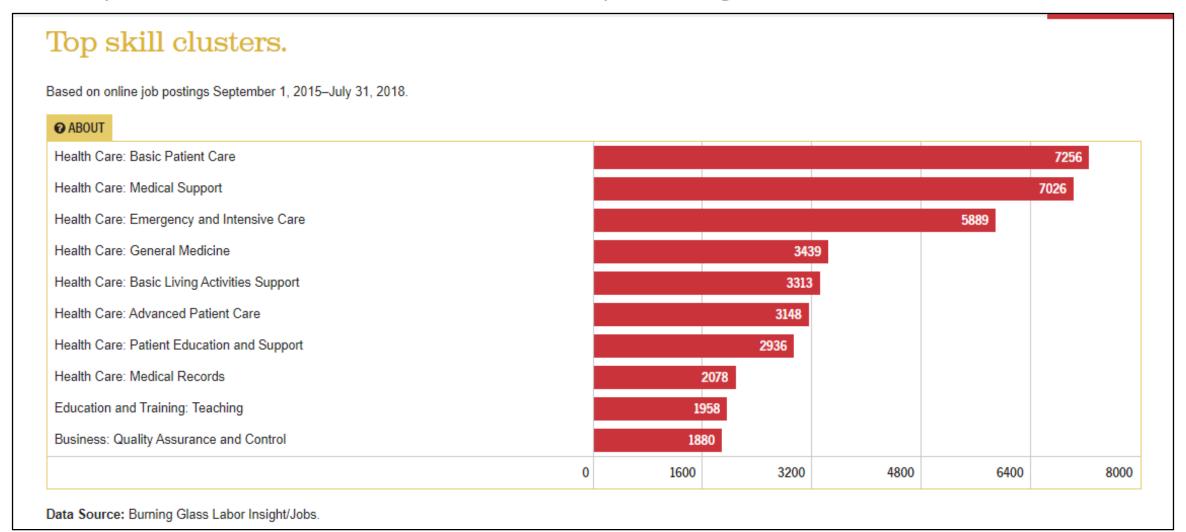


10-year aging out projection: 24.5% are approaching retirement age.

Source: IPEDS and noncredit self-reported data from application education providers. Q3 2019 EMSI Occupation data.



Sample Tool: Monroe Community College

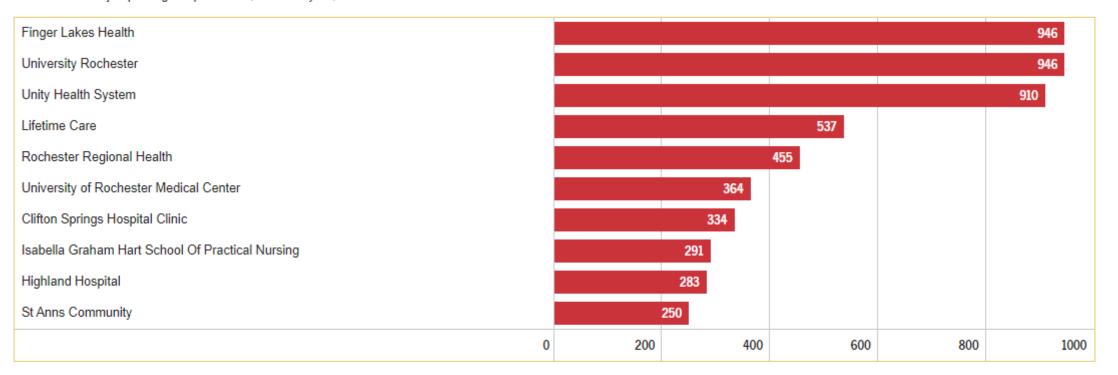




Sample Tool: Monroe Community College

Top employers.

Based on online job postings September 1, 2015-July 31, 2018.



Data Source: Burning Glass Labor Insight/Jobs.



Strategy 1: Advance a Vision

1

Advance a vision for talent development and economic mobility





- Define labor market outcomes as a central component of student success
- Understand the state of the regional labor market and population, and how these are changing
- Align offerings to needs of employers and population

Align offerings to needs of employers and population





- Align program + economic needs
 - Supply and demand
 - Changes over time
 - Earnings and cost of living

Align offerings to needs of employers and population





- Align program + economic needs
 - Supply and demand
 - Changes over time
 - Earnings and cost of living
- Assess who's being left out
 - Changing demographics
 - Enrollment by population
 - Enrollment in high-value programs



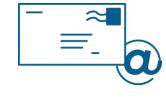
Align offerings to needs of employers and population





- Align program + economic needs
 - Supply and demand
 - Changes over time
 - Earnings and cost of living
- Assess who's being left out
 - Changing demographics
 - Enrollment by population
 - Enrollment in high-value programs
- When jobs are scarce, innovate
 - Rethink service area
 - New/revamped programs
 - Build for future opportunities





Josh.Wyner@aspeninstitute.org

Thank You!



highered.aspeninstitute.org



Twitter: @aspenhighered

